THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. LXIII No 15—E J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONTARIO, CANADA—TUESDAY, MARCH 11th, 1924.

$1.50 per year in advance

Historical Society o

For One Cent

you may obtain 3 cups of

"SALADA"

TEA. H408

Ask for a trial package today.

Delicious! Economical!

DOXSEE & CO.

A SPECIAL SHOWING OF

Spring Millinery

Saturday, March 15

and continuing through the next week.

The Hats we are displaying are more becoming, more practical, and more fascinating than ever. From the lowest to the highest priced models each is truly representative of the most authorative modes for the coming season.

VEILING AND VEILS

In Navy, Grey, Brown, and Black, including the small beauty veil.

CORSETS A SPECIALTY

The Leading Millinery House

GOOD CLOTHES

$35 Suits

Tailored to Your Order.

Imported Materials.

STERLING QUALITY

W. W. ADAMS

Merchant Tailor

Newburgh, - Ont.

Brick

Special Prices to clear out the yard.

W. H. J. HAINES

TAMWORTH, - ONTARIO

24-tf

H. J. GLEESON, M.B.

University of Toronto.

Office of late Dr. Grant, corner of East and Bridge streets.

Office hours 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 9 p.m. Phone 123.

For Sale

Residence of the late R. H. Baker, Dundas St., solid brick; ideal and convenient location; equipped with all modern conveniences and easy to heat; hot water furnace; hot water jacket for winter and electric water heater for summer; wired for electric stove; lights and fixtures included; bath room, roller linen blinds, storm windows, soft water cistern, and fine well for drinking water, incased in cement. Orchard includes apple and small fruit trees; good sized family garden; barn with cement driving shed, suitable for garage or stable. Everything in first class condition and the price is right. Apply on premises. 14-tf

STORE AND DWELLING combined, at Roblin, for sale or to let. Apply CHAS. HILLIER. 12-dp

FARM FOR SALE, to Rent or Work on Shares—127 acres of good land, 4½ miles from Napanee, on Hamburgh road. Apply OKEL B. PARKS, R. R. 4, Palace road. 12-tf

FOR SALE—One of the most desirable properties in town, all modern conveniences and excellent location. Opposite Harvey Warner Park. Apply to C. W. BOWEN. 27-tf

ALWAYS a number of farms and houses in town for sale. Owners may also list property for sale at low terms. No sale, no charge. T. B. GERMAN, Barrister, Napanee, Ont. 6-tf

½ TON FORD TRUCK FOR SALE 1917, a sacrifice. Have you heard about the new Peerless Hand Milker. Ask your neighbor. Frost & Wood Machinery and Cockshutt Plows, Slated Roofing. Sold by SPENCER & SON. 24

FOR SALE—Giant White Wonder Seed Oats, clean and free from foul seed. You will insure yourself a good crop if you choose this variety. Have grown them for ten years. See sample at Agricultural Office, and ask Mr. Main—70c. per bus. Also brood sows. White Wyandotte and White Leghorn cocks at $2.00 each. W. L. HAIGHT, Bath, Ont. 14-d

FOR SALE—One eighteen passenger bus on 1923 Ford chassis with electric starter, in use only 6 months, in good running order, equipped with double shock absorbers front and rear, Alemite timer, tools, baggage carriers, 2 spare tires and rims, two dome lights inside of body for night driving, spring seats, large windows, which can be raised separately. Will sell to-gether or separately and will consider any reasonable offer. Apply R. S. WALKER, 189 Clergy St., Kingston, or phone 1352-J.

Hides and Furs Wanted

Highest Prices

W. G. PAUL,

Napanee.

12-dp

British Empire Exhibition

Canadian visitors to the British Empire Exhibition are invited to make use of the facilities of our London Office at No. 3 King William Street, E.C. We recommend our LETTERS OF CREDIT and TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES to people travelling abroad. They are easily negotiated and serve as a valuable introduction in cities where the holder may not be known. LETTERS OF CREDIT and TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES are on sale at all Branches of the Bank. 1

THE DOMINION BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH,

G. PATTON CARR, ... Manager.

To Investors

Do you appreciate the advisability of having your banker serve you in matters pertaining to Investments.

The Bank is always in direct and constant touch with the investment markets and is well equipped to secure sound and attractive securities or to place any bonds you may wish to dispose of.

At any branch of the Standard you can obtain information in respect to investments. 361B

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

Napanee Branch, ... R. R. White, Manager.

Branches also at Belleville, Brighton, Camden East, Deseronto, Newburgh, Picton, Trenton and Kingston.

ODESSA.

The cheese factory has again opened.

Mrs. Conway was removed to the Kingston General Hospital, where she underwent a serious operation. Her many friends hope for a speedy recovery.

Dr. Gordon has returned to his practice at Smith's Falls, after spending the week-end at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Smith have moved to Detroit, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Smith entertained a few of their friends one evening last week.

Mrs. Mary J. Gordon, who is quite ill, is improving slowly.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Emmons and little son, Gerald, have returned home after spending the winter at North Bay.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Storms have moved to Odessa.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Schamehorn have moved in Mr. Tom Kenny's house.

—o—

WANTED—Good general servant. Apply MRS. W. P. DEROCHE, East street. 15-ap

FOR SALE—Six shoats also a quantity of baled hay. J. ROBINSON.

FOR SALE—Good set of right hand professional made Golf Clubs. Apply this Office.

HOTEL FOR SALE—Known as he Bay View Hotel, Bath. Apply to N. RIKLEY, owner, Bath.

GRAIN FOR SALE—Seed oats, seed barley, buckwheat, wheat. Attractive prices on lots of fifty bushels or over. Phone, write or call on J. ED. HARRISON, Newburgh. 15-bp

FOR SALE—2 heavy horses, one 5 years old, 1700 lbs., one 9 years old, 1500 lbs., both sound and right every way. R. D. MARTIN, Selby P. O. Phone 25 ring 5, Newburgh. 15-ap

FOR SALE—8-roomed house, in good repair, electric lights, new furnace, 2 barns and nine acres of land, well and cistern, one acre berries. This property is ten minutes walk to post office, Napanee. Suitable for garden, poultry and bees. Pasture for two cows. Beautiful location. Possession any time; ideal property for anyone. See ARTHUR CLARK, or F. C. BOGART. 12

INSURANCE

For Fire Insurance try ALFRED McCUTCHEON, Roblin. [illegible] 1891. A number of compa[illegible] of [illegible] choose from.

Office: Residence, Roblin, Main Street. 27-tf

ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Napanee Driving Park will be held in the Secretary's office on

THURSDAY, MARCH 6th, at 7.30 p.m.

J. L. BOYES, Sec'y.

NOTICE OF MEETING

THE COUNTY COUNCIL

of Lennox and Addington, at call of the Warden, will meet at the Council Chamber, in the Court House, NAPANEE, on

TUESDAY MARCH 18th, 1924 at 2 p. m.

All accounts must be in the hands of the undersigned not later than Wednesday, Mar. 19th, in order that they may be considered.

W. G. WILSON,
County Clerk.

Dated March 1st, 1924.

GOVERNMENT CONTROL AND THE TAXES

The big cry in British Columbia was: "Government Control will bring down the taxes"—Has it?

The British Columbia Provincial Debt is increasing by leaps and bounds; and the Municipalities of the Province, **which receive 50 per cent. of the profits from the Dispensaries,** are in financial difficulties.

Recently the City Council of Vancouver submitted to the taxpayers, money by-laws amounting to $1,060,000, for local improvements. The "Associated Property Owners" of Vancouver, who led the campaign against this expenditure, cited the following reasons:—

That taxes had increased from 1917 to 1922, by 45 per cent. although the population had decreased.

That there was a deficit of $2,345,699 in the City's Sinking Fund.

That 2,843 City lots had reverted to the City following tax sales.

That the arrears of taxes, on December 1922, were $2,427,419.

All the by-laws were defeated.

God says:—

"Better is a little with righteousness, than great revenues without right."

And also:—

"In the revenues of the wicked is trouble."

—o—

DESERONTO.

Mr. John Joyce has sold his meat purveying business to Mr. Geo. Pearson of Thomas street. Mr. Pearson will conduct the business in the same store on Edmond street.

Mr. G. E. Spencer, of Northport, has installed a radio outfit in his home.

Mr. Frank Brennan, who has been home for a few days returned to Clarendon to resume his duties as cutter and shipper for the Armitage Lumber Co.

Messrs. Leo Therrien, Oscar Fitchett and J. Allum have received notice of their selection as jurymen for the spring assizes to be held at Belleville.

Mr. J. D. Thompson, of Dundas street, left town on Friday for a few days on a business trip.

Mr. R. O. Abram, of College street, has gone to Welland to take up the position of loco. engineer on the canal.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Fraser have moved from the corner of Centre and Thomas streets to the east end of Thomas street.

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The demand for [illegible] Laura Secord Candy [illegible] line." [illegible] The many [illegible] on the market of this [illegible] confection serve but to stimulate the desire for this justly famous candy. A fresh shipment arrives each week at WALLACE'S, 60c. the pound.

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NEWBURGH.

The recent thaw has left the roads in a very poor condition and the streets are very slushy.

There has been no skating for more than a week and the young people are hoping for a change in the weather.

The children's Sunshine Mission Band held a concert in the basement of the Methodist church It was a great success.

A Moccasin Dance was held on the rink on Monday, Feb. 25th, and all who attended enjoyed themselves.

The Free Methodists started their revival here Sunday, March 2nd, with Mr. J. Potter, Conference Evangelist, assisting the pastor, Mr. Bray.

Local talent are giving a play in the Standard Bank hall for the benefit of the rink.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hogan regret their departure to Toronto.

Miss McGowan has again resumed charge of the junior room of the public school. Her pupils were very glad to see her again.

SATURDAY, MARCH 15th

and every Saturday following

Dr. Ralph Aylesworth

Eye Specialist

of Trenton, will be at our store.

You Need Glasses

if you are suffering from eyestrain, defective eyesight or headaches, stomach trouble, billousness, dizziness, etc., as a result of weak eyes, and you require the services of a specialist, and

This is Your Opportunity

without the expense of a long trip.

Dr. Aylesworth is one of the few prominent men in his profession and is a member of the Ontario Government Board of Examiners in Optometry for this Province.

Our policy has always been to give the best service to the people of Napanee and surrounding country. Following this policy we have arranged with the doctor for these visits and strongly recommend his services to you.

Write, phone or call as early as possible and make your appointment for

Saturday, March 15th

Dr. Aylesworth will continue his visits every Saturday to Napanee after we close out.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

Jewellers & Optometrists

NAPANEE, - - - - ONTARIO

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE

Even though the Temperance debate was entered into with zest on Thursday, it did not take the attention away from Provincial finances, a $15,000,000 defici, and a probable pending $6,000,000 deficit for the current year which still maintained a place of outstanding importance in last week's discussions in the Legislature.

There was not much solace for the late Drury Government in the speech on the Budget of the Liberal leader, W. E. N. Sinclair, K.C., who, with some allowance for Conservative party enthusiasm, accepted as fact the broad principle that Ontario's financial position needs careful attention at the hands of its administrators during the next four years.

In his deliverance to the House he wasted no breath on the old administration, which the Conservatives hold to be wholly responsible for conditions, and, apparently, accepted the viewpoint of many political experts that, as a political force in Ontario, the followers of the old Government are dead and gone.

But the new administration did not escape criticism and advice. Mr. Sinclair told the Treasury benches bluntly that their initial performances did not measure up to their election promises of economy. Perhaps there was the explanation of an incoming Government, he said, but the personal travelling expenses of the Ministers had jumped at an alarming rate during the past several months. Working the statistics out by months, the Liberal leader found that the Conservatives had increased the outflow of public funds in this connection at a rate of $300 per month.

In fact the economy plea overshadowed everything else in Mr. Sinclair's address, and, although general promises had been made by the Government for an era of economy, he asked the Cabinet to show what one item would be reduced this year. On the other hand specific increases were already promised, notably a salary for a Legislative Secretary for Northern Ontario, an Advisory Committee on roads, and the iron ore bounty. It seemed to him that the Conservatives were starting just where the U. F. O's left off, a situation which left the Liberal party in Ontario the only one with a true record of economy.

The amendment of A. Belanger, Liberal member for Russell, demanding a Government economy which would effect a balancing of the budget next year was, of course, showed under by votes of a preponderant Government majority. Probably it ha[illegible] Conservative sympathizers on the benches to the right of Mr. Speaker, for Premier Ferguson felt called upon to issue from his place on the floor an official call to the faithful to unite against the "subtly drawn" amendment with the "inviting language." Nevertheless the Liberals felt that the amendment expressed the viewpoint of the electorate throughout the country, that there should be no piling up of interest bearing debt to meet current deficits.

Although it passed by almost unnoticed in the host of more immediately interesting things, the Liberals made an important declaration from the viewpoint of the rural family, when, through their leader, they declared themselves in favor of the province relieving the counties of their 20 per cent. share on Provincial Highways. Mr. Sinclair thought the Premier did not properly appreciate the tax burden being borne by the general taxpayer in the country on account of these costly thoroughfares, and hoped he would reverse his announced decision, that he "never would consent" to such a move.

The O. T. A. debate on Thursday, of course, filled the daily papers and aroused the general interest of the country in the Government's move to take unto the Cabinet sole decision as to how a referendum question is to be submitted to the country. A little interruption of the three parties' attitudes, however, is enlightening.

The Conservatives unite in saying that the Government has a mandate to take a referendum, although they do not unite in approving of the principle of the O. T. A. On the grounds of acceptance of the principle of "government responsibility" they demand the sole say as to the date and the form of the referendum.

The Progressives, on the whole, are hostile to any referendum being taken at all, and rather bitterly accuse the Government of "playing politics" with the "wets". Mr. Doherty moved the six months' hoist, which would mean no possibility of a referendum.

The Liberals, say they are not afraid to trust the people on a referendum and are willing that they shall have the opportunity of expressing their wishes. But they protest against the "blank cheque" sought by the Cabinet to negotiate the referendum. While no pronouncement was made, it is anticipated they will vote against the six months' hoist—because they are not opposed to referendum—and then vote against the Bill because of its unsatisfactory features.

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Don't ruin your floors with cheap floor wax. The standard by which all are judged is Johnson's. Agents, WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

—o—

Save the Surface!

Martin-Senour 100 per cent. pure Paints and Varnishes, are unexcelled for covering and enduring qualities. Try them and be convinced. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

AGRICULTURE IN LENNOX

Following is an extract from the Report of the Ontario Department of Agriculture regarding the result of farm operators in 1923. While the County of Lennox and Addington is not looked upon as one of the best agricultural counties in Ontario the production of crops and live stock compares very favorably with any of the other counties, who have less rough land, unfit for agriculture than this county.

In Lennox and Addington oats formed the largest crop of the year. Barley was in second place, mixed grain third and fodder corn in fourth place. The complete report of the county is as follows:

	Acreage Sown	Total Production	Yield Per Acre
Fall wheat	653	13,713 bush.	21 bush.
Spring wheat	1,489	26,951 bush.	18.1 bush.
Barley	8,588	232,735 bush.	27.1 bush.
Oats	48,287	1,587,985 bush.	32.7 bush.
Rye	1,349	22,943 bush.	17.0 bush.
Buckwheat	5,370	107,400 bush.	20.0 bush.
Peas	482	7,905 bush.	16.4 bush.
Beans	90	1,350 bush.	15.0 bush.
Husking corn	2,858	142,900 bush.	50.0 bush.
Fodder corn	5,714	43,341 tons.	7.41 tons.
Flax	5	30 bush.	6.0 bush.
Mixed grain	7,721	268,961 bush.	34.8 bush.
Potatoes	2,886	227,417 bush.	78.8 bush.
Turnips	73	16,425 bush.	225 bush.
Mangels	15	2,800 bush.	200 bush.
Sugar beets	53	13,000 bush.	250 bush.
Carrots	57	11,400 bush.	200 bush.
Algalfa	4,722	12,702 tons.	2.69 tons.
Hay and clover	74,243	129,274 tons.	1.62 tons.

Pasture cleared, 76,901 acres; summer fallow, 1,097 acres; orchard, 1,741 acres; small fruits, 278 acres.

Horses: Stallions 25; mares 5,226; geldings, 4,472; colts and fillies, 744; total horses, 10,487.

Sheep, 4,388; lambs, 6,097.

Swine: Brood sows, 3,112; all other pigs, 19,797.

Cattle: Bulls, 1,602; milch cows, 25,684; calves, 10,001; other cattle, 9,274; total cattle, 49,335.

Poultry: Turkeys, 6,603; geese, 3,628; ducks, 4,747; other fowl, 213,775; total poultry, 228,753.

While the report does not give the financial return from these crops, and the value of the live stock, it gives sufficient to indicate that, in spite of adverse growing conditions and the drought which visited the district during the summer, the farmers of this county have a record of which they might well be proud, and which made a considerable contribution to whatever prosperity may have visited the province of Ontario.

RICHMOND MINUTES

Selby, Mar. 3rd, 1924.

Council met in Town Hall, Selby, the members all present, the Reeve presiding.

Minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

Moved by Milford Dupre, seconded by S. French, that the following persons be paid for snow shovelling: Sid. Busby $11.75; W. R. Woodcock $7.50; John Mowers $14.20; N. Richmond $18.00; Adam Wayte $25.10; J. Donovan $20.40; W. Dafoe $2.20; M. Dafoe $2.80; Harry Pringle $13.00; G. Schermehorn $10.00. Carried.

Applications for road engineer were received from Sid. Busby and John Benn.

Moved by S. French, seconded by W. J. Gollinger, that John [illegible]'s application [illegible] road [illegible] for 1924 at $2.2[illegible] per [illegible] and no extras, be accepted. Carried.

Reeve Paul asked for yeas and nays.

Yeas—French, McQuaig, Gollinger.

Nays—Paul, Dupre.

Moved by E. A. McQuaig, seconded by W. J. Gollinger, that by-law No. 720, appointing a road engineer receive its third reading, be signed, sealed and finally passed. Carried.

Applications to furnish power to operate road machinery were received from C. M. Rombough, H. R. Richmond and John N. Richmond.

Moved by Robt. W. Paul, seconded by Mr. Dupre, that C. M. Rombough's tender to furnish power to operate road machinery for 1924 and to provide fuel, oil, belt and any extra expenses in connection with it, for the sum of $11.00 per day, be accepted and a by-law be drafted accordingly. Carried.

Moved by M. Dupre, seconded by E. A. McQuaig, that By-law No. 721 receive its third reading, be signed, sealed and finally passed. Carried.

Moved by M. Dupre, seconded by S. French, that H. A. Wood receive $20.25 for registering 81 births, marriages and deaths at 25c. each for year 1923. Carried.

Reeve Paul wished his vote recorded against it.

Moved by W. J. Gollinger, seconded by E. A. McQuaig, that Frank Vandebogart be refunded $2.00, he being charged $4.00 instead of $2.00 on Collector's Roll. Carried.

Moved by S. French, seconded by M. Dupre, that the following Board of Health account be paid: A. G. Bogart, Deseronto, supplies for small-pox case $14.87; John N. Wood, Board of Health Officer $7.50; A. Collins, Deseronto, stovepipes supplied for small-pox case $3.40; Robinson Co., clothing $6.00; Removing Mrs. Smith to House of Providence $11.60; Neely's, Board of Health Minute Book $3.25. Carried.

Moved by W. J. Gollinger, seconded by M. Dupre, that the following accounts be paid:

Mrs. Doney, aid for March	$5 00
N. Hartin, aid for March	5 00
R. Lloyd, aid for March	10 00

Carried.

Council adjourned to meet 7th April, 1924.

H. A. WOOD, Clerk.

BY-LAW No. 720.

A By-Law appointing a Road Overseer for the Township of Richmond, in the County of Lennox and Addington.

Whereas it is desirable that the laying out and supervision of all work and expenditure upon improvement and maintenance of roads within the exclusive jurisdiction of this township, should be under the supervision of a road overseer, acting under the direction of this council;

And whereas it is the desire of this council to take advantage of The Ontario Highways Act, 1915, and to receive the Government grant as provided in Section 11, Subsection (1) of the said Act. [illegible]e it therefore enacted by the [illegible]nicipal Council of the corpora[illegible] of the said Town[illegible] Richmond, and it is [illegible] enacted.

1. That John Benn, Sharp's Corners, is appointed road overseer in the said township to act as aforesaid in accordance with the provisions of the said Section 11 of the said Act from the 3rd day of March, 1924, and during the pleasure of the said Council.

2. That the said John Benn shall be paid at the rate of $2.25 per 10 hours for such time as he may be employed, no extra going to and from work.

3. That it shall be the duty of the overseer to lay out and supervise all work and expenditure on roads within the exclusive jurisdiction of the township council, and to conform to such general regulaions as the Department of Public Highways may prescribe.

4. That all By-laws or parts thereof and all or any resolutions of said council contrary hereto or inconsistent herewith, be and the same are hereby repealed.

5. That a certified copy of this By-law be forwarded by the Clerk without delay to the Deputy Minister, Department of Public Highways, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

Read a third time and passed this 3rd day of March, 1924.

H. A. WOOD, Clerk.

BY-LAW No. 721.

Passed 3rd March, 1924.

A By-Law for the purpose of engaging a man with engine to operate the township machinery.

Wherefore the Municipal Council of the Township of Richmond accept the application of Chas. Rombough.

1. Tha Chas. Rombough, be awarded the contract of furnishing gas power to operate the crusher and grader for the year 1924, at the sum of eleven dollars per day, 10 hours, and furnish belt, oil and fuel and all equipment necessary to operate for power.

2. That no exception be allowed for threshing.

And all other By-laws conflicting with this By-law be and is hereby rescinded.

H. A. WOOD, Clerk.

MARCH 1924

Our Weekly Calendar

Moon Phases
First Quarter
March 13th

11	Tue.	From old age to childhood is but a step backward.
12	Wed.	Mrs. Biggs: "My daughter dresses in silk from top to toe."
13	Thur.	Mrs. Diggs: "My! What a lot of worms it must take to keep her going."
14	Fri.	"O money makes the mare go," said Snaggs when the young girl married rich old Jones.
15	Sat.	"Yes and money makes the old horse go too, ambling along like a colt shy of the harness," snapped Mrs. Snaggs.
16	Sun.	And God blessed the seventh day and sanctified it; because in it He had rested from all His work, which God created and made.—Genesis 2-3.
17	Mon.	Sleet and snow the Shamrock adorning. St. Patrick's Day in the morning.

J. AMES.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By Rev. W. H. Griffith Thomas, D.D.

Sunday, March 16—The Reign of David. I Samuel, 16, to II Samuel, 24.

No greater contrast can be found than that between Saul and David. One was a failure, the other was a success. God never intended Saul to be king. David was God's choice (I Samuel, 13-14) and would have been forthcoming as the first King, if the people had only waited God's time and way. When David did appear it was soon seen what sort of a man he was going to be, and a study of his career clearly shows him to have been a most remarkable character. Every writer calls attention to the wonderful versatility of David, who is in this respect the outstanding personage in the history of the Jews. A little book by Mr. Howard of the Sunday School Times, which should be studied with this lesson, speaks of him as "the many-sided David," and these words of the late Dean Stanley are eminently worth while pondering and proving from he story:

"In the complexity of its elements—passion, tenderness, generosity, fierceness—the soldier, the shepherd, the poet, the statesman, the priest, the prophet, the king—the romantic friend, the chivalrous leader, the devoted father—there is no character of the Old Testament at all to be compared to that of David."

The passages of Scripture to be read in this lesson refer to David when he was at the height of his career, but it will be well to head up to this period by studying the various stages of his life, and thus we shall see something of the man's truly marvellous powers. Special care will be necessary to avoid fixing on details. His life in its different phases must be looked at as a whole.

I. The Shepherd.

I Sam., 16 and 17. Notice the three features of his youthful life while he was keeping his father's sheep: his simple, innocent behaviour; his quiet trust in God: his faithfulness to duty. No wonder he was chosen of God for the Kingship. He promised well.

II. The Soldier.

I Sam., 17 and 18. In his victory over Goliath and in his subsequent encounters with the enemies of Israel he showed himself a once courageous, able and tactful.

III. The Singer.

From the time that David played at Saul's court (I Sam. 16) to the close of his life, he was a musician and a poet of no mean order. He is called "the sweet psalmist of Israel" (II Sam. 23:1) and our Book of Psalms owes very much o him as author and (probably) first compiler. Indeed, the entire Psalter is often called the Psalms of David, thus showing the prominence of his part in Hebrew Psalmody. The Temple worship also owed its musical arrangement to him (I Chron. 25).

IV. The Sovereign.

First, as King over Judah only (II Sam. 1-4) and then as ruler over all the people (II Sam. 5-10) David manifested striking abilities in coping with difficulties. His care in regard to the House of Saul, the way in which he dealt with his rivals and the fine work he did as King are all evident and deserve special attention. He was a statesman of the first order, as may be seen from what he did for the nation: (1) He established a civil centre in the Capital, Jerusalem, thus providing a safeguard for the national unity. Then (2) he followed this by arranging for a religious centre, whereby all the people could worship together. And then (3) he established his throne by making the country safe from foreign enemies. These three parts of his policy stamp him as a man of gre[illegible] asehold, $300. [illegible] for freehold, $600 at that time.

V. The Sinner.

It is unutterably sad that so splendid a record should be tarnished, but the Bible faithfully portrays David as he was, and so we have the story of his terrible sin (II Sam. 11 and 12) followed by that of his punishment and restoration through repentance (II Sam. 13-20). "The corruption of the best is the worst," and the heights to which he had attained made his fall the more awful.

VI. The Sufferer.

This sin affected all his subsequent life, and he was never the same again. The trouble about Absalom and other events in his latter life darkened his days. Thus God had to chasten his servant and train him through the results of his weaknesses and sin. Everything from that time seemed to be in a minor key." God has no favorites, and in his perfect righteousness He cannot overlook the sins of even His choicest servants.

VII. The Servant of God.

In spite of all that may and can be said of David's fall, he was a true servant of God, as the story of his life as a whole abundantly shows. Men often sneer at him (and indirectly at God) because he is described as "a man after God's own heart," as though this phrase meant that God was indifferent to his wrongdoing. But the words mean nothing of the kind, or anything at all as to approval even in general. They simply indicate that David was God's choice as King in contrast with Saul, the people's choice. Besides the words of I Samuel, 13-14, were spoken before David was anointed as King, and, therefore, were incapable of being applied to events still in the future. The real David is to be seen in his repentance, and those who sneer at him overlook the depth and reality of his feelings after his sin, as seen in the two great Psalms, 32 and 51. In addition to all this, special attention should be paid to the wonderful way David had of attaching people to himself, as may be seen in the friendship with Jonathan, the devotion of the people in the cave of Adullam, and the attitude of the men he gathered round him while King. A man who is thus capable of "grappling to himself with hooks of steel" these various people was no hyprocrite or merely superficial person.

And so the outstanding message from the life of David is to be found in the Golden Text, "I delight to do Thy will, O my God." When that will is truly and constantly followed it will prove itself in our life as the secret of true character and the guarantee of consistent conduct toward God and man.

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible **VALUES** for the prices asked.

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Tanlac Saved Life Says Ottawa Lady

Mrs. Varalo Tells of Recovery From Complication of Troubles—Gives Tanlac Full Credit.

"That I am alive and in good health today I can attribute to nothing but Tanlac," is the remarkable statement recently made by Mrs. Eva Varalo, 233 Cumberland St., Ottawa, Ontario, Canada.

"For two long years I suffered terribly from indigestion, constipation, extreme nervousness, sleeplessness, palpitation of the heart, almost continuous sick headaches and shortness of breath, until life seemed a burden to me and I had given up hopes of ever regaining my health.

"But Tanlac helped me the very first day I took it, and now after using seven bottles my health and strength are as fine as can be, and everyone remarks how well I look. I eat heartily, my food digests just perfectly, my nerves are steady, I sleep sound, my heart never troubles me and work is like play. Really, the way the treatment restored me to perfect health seems almost miraculous. Tanlac is simply grand."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Accept no substitute. Over 40 million bottles sold.

Take Tanlac Vegetable Pills.

Listen!

A number of second-hand coal or wood ranges, in good condition, now on hand. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

ADOLPHUSTOWN MINUTES

Feb. 23rd, 1924.

Council met this day at call of Reeve, members all present with Reeve in chair.

Moved by G. Chalmers, seconded by J. E. Robertson, that the minutes of last meeting be adopted as read. Carried.

Moved by J. J. Garvin, seconded by G. Chalmers, that By-Law No. 320 to provide for expenditures on roads be read a first time. Carried.

Moved by S. Mack, seconded by G. Chalmers, that By-Law No. 320 for the expenditures on roads be read a second and third time and amounts filled in, signed, sealed and finally passed. Carried.

Moved by J. E. Robertson, seconded by J. J. Garvin, that By-Law No. 319, appointing a Road Overseer, for the Township of Adolphustown be read a first time. Carried.

Moved by G. Chalmers, seconded by J. E. Robertson, that By-Law No. 319, for the appointment of a Road Overseer for the Township of Adolphustown, be read a second and third time, signed, sealed and finally passed. Carried.

Moved by J. J. Garvin, seconded by J. E. Robertson, that the Council of the Township of Adolphustown authorize the pathmasters of Road No. 1 to procure posts for erection of a railing at rear of C. P. Allen's farm. Carried.

Moved by S. Mack, seconded by J. J. Garvin, that the Council of Adolphustown donate the sum of ten dollars to the Agricultural Society for school fairs for year 1924. Carried.

Moved by J. E. Robertson, seconded by J. J. Garvin, that this Council recommends that this County take some action in regards to safe guarding a certain portion of road in road division No. 4, west, known as Sexsmith's Corners, which is caused by the waters of Hay Bay undermining and washing the road bed away. Carried.

[illegible]oved by G. Chalmers, seconded by J. E. Robertson, that a By-Law 321 to appoint R. M. Roblin [illegible]urer of the Township of Adolphustown, and that said By-Law be read a first time. Carried.

Moved by J. J. Garvin, seconded by S. Mack, that a By-Law 321 to appoint R. M. Roblin Treasurer of the Township of Adolphustown and said By-Law be read a second and third time, signed, sealed and finally passed. Carried.

Moved by J. E. Robertson, seconded by G. Chalmers, that Reeve J. S. Johnston be appointed Township Engineer for the year 1924. Carried.

Moved by G. Chalmers, seconded by J. J. Garvin, that F. B. Roblin be released of his bonds as Treasurer of the Township of Adolphustown. Carried.

Moved by G. Chalmers, seconded by J. J. Garvin, that a By-Law 322 for the borrowing of money not to exceed $3000.00 from the Standard Bank, Napanee, to pay current expenses of Township for balance of year be read a first time. Carried.

Moved by J. J. Garvin, seconded by S. Mack, that By-Law 322 for borrowing of money not to exceed $3000.00 from Standard Bank, Napanee, to pay current expenses of Township for balance of year, be read a second and third time. Carried.

Moved by G. Chalmers, seconded by J. J. Garvin, that the Auditor's Report as received be adopted and that the Auditor's be paid. Carried.

Moved by G. Chalmers, seconded by J. E. Robertson, that this Council adjourn to meet at call of Reeve. Carried.

A. C. DAVIS, Clerk.

BY-LAW No. 319.

A By-Law appointing a Road Overseer for the Township of Adolphustown in the County of Lennox.

Whereas it is desirable that the laying out and supervision of all work and expenditure upon improvement and maintenance of roads within the exclusive jurisdiction of this township, should be under the supervision of a road overseer, acting under the direction of this council:

And whereas it is the desire of this Council to take advantage of The Ontario Highways Act, 1915, and to receive the Government grant as provided in Section 11, Subsection (1) of the said Act.

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the corporation of the said Township of Adolphustown and it is hereby enacted.

1. That J. S. Johnston, Dorland P.O., is appointed road overseer in the said township to act as aforesaid in accordance with the provisions of the said Section 11 of the said Act from the 23rd day of February, 1924, and during the pleasure of the said council.

2. That the said J. S. Johnston shall be paid at the rate of no salary for such time as he may be so employed.

3. That it shall be the duty of the overseer to lay out and supervise all work and expenditure on roads within the exclusive jurisdiction of the township council, and to conform to such general regulations as the Department of Public Highways may prescribe.

4. That all by-laws or parts thereof and all or any resolutions of said council contrary hereto or inconsistent herewith, be and the same are hereby repealed.

5. That a certified copy of this By-Law be forwarded by the clerk without delay to the Deputy Minister, Department of Public Highways, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

Read a third time and passed this 23rd day of February, 1924.

J. S. JOHNSTON, Reeve.
A. C. DAVIS, Clerk.

BY-LAW No. 320.

A By-Law to provide for expenditure on roads in the Township of Adolphustown during he year 1924.

Whereas the regulations of the Department of Public Highways of Ontario require that the expenditure on Township Roads under the Ontario Highways Act, and amendments thereto, shall be provided for annually by Township By-law.

Therefore he Council of the Municipal Corporation of the Township of Adolphustown enacts as follows:

1. The sum of $1181.31 is hereby appropriated from monies raised by taxation for expenditure upon maintenance and repair on the roads in the said township during the year 1924.

2. The said monies shall be expended under he direction of the duly appointed Township Road Superintendent.

3. All work on which the said monies shall be expended shall be performed in accordance with the last revised regulations respecting Township Roads issued by the Department of Public Highways of Ontario.

4. The clerk shall transmit two certified copies of this By-law to the Deputy Minister, Department of Public Highways of Ontario, within thirty days after the passing thereof.

Passed at Council this 23rd day of February, A.D., 1924.

J. S. JOHNSTON, Reeve.
A. C. DAVIS, Clerk.

I, A. C. Davis, Clerk of the Corporation of the Township of Adolphustown do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of By-Law No. 320 passed by the Council of the said Corporation on the 23rd day of February, 1924.

A. C. DAVIS, Clerk.

BL-LAW No. 321.

Being a By-Law to appoint a Treasurer for the Township of Adolphustown.

Be it therefore enacted by the Council of the Township of Adolphustown, R. M. Roblin, of the township of Adolphustown be and is hereby appointed Treasurer of the said Township of Adolphustown at a salary of $50.00 per annum and that J. L. Haycock, Jr., and W. D. Roblin, both of the Township of Adolphustown, be and are hereby accepted as bondsmen for same R. M. Roblin as Treasurer in the sum of $5000.00 each and the said R. M. Roblin also to give bonds in like amount.

[illegible]sed in open council this [illegible] February, 1924.

[illegible] JOHNSTON, Reeve.
[illegible] C. DAVIS, Clerk.

BY-LAW No. 322.

By-Law to authorize the Head and Treasurer of the Corporation of the Township of Adolphustown, to borrow certain sums to meet the now current expenditure.

Whereas the taxes levied for the current expenditure of the said Corporation for the year have not yet been fully collected, there being uncollected of such taxes a sum not less than the sum hereby authorized to be borrowed:

And whereas the sum of three thousand dollars is required to meet the now current expenses of the said Corporation, and it is expedient to authorize the Head and Treasurer to borrow the said sum:

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Township of Adolphustown as follows:

1. That the Head, with the Treasurer of the said Corporation be, and they are hereby authorized, under the seal of the Corporation to borrow from The Standard Bank of Canada the sum of three thousand dollars, required to meet the now current expenditure of said Corporation.

2. That the said Head with the Treasurer aforesaid, be, and they are hereby authorized to pay or allow the said Bank interest on the said sum so borrowed at the rate of six per cent. per annum.

3. That a promissory note or notes covenant or agreement, sealed with the corporate seal, and signed on behalf of the Corporation by the Reeve and Treasurer, be duly enacted and given to the said Bank as aforesaid as security for the repayment of the amount borrowed, with interest thereon as aforesaid.

4. That The Standard Bank of Canada be and is hereby appointed Banker of the Corporation and is hereby authorized to pay and honor all cheques and orders for the payment of money made, signer or drawn in the name of the said Corporation by the Treasurer and further, to accept for deposit to the credit of the Corporation all sheques, drafts, notes, bills and other negotiable instruments endorsed in the name of the said Corporation by the Treasurer.

Passed in open Council this 23rd day of February, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-four.

J. S. JOHNSTON, Reeve.
A. C. DAVIS, Clerk.

Record Train.

The Canadian Pacific Railway is believed to hold the world's record for length of a single loaded train. During the past season on the company's line between Steughton and Arcola, Sask. They recently hauled a train one mile in length containing one hundred and twenty-five cars loaded with wheat. The contents of the cars weighed 5,566 tons which with a tare of 2,380 tons made a total weight hauled by a single engine of 7,946 tons. The great string of cars contained approximately one hundred and thirty-five thousand bushels of wheat.

REDUCING PRODUCTION COSTS

Every manufacturer in the country is faced constantly by the problem of reducing his production costs. If he can save a dollar it is just as good as the dollar he may earn.

Accidents have laid a heavy hand on industry in Ontario when we realize that compensation for accidents in industry in this Province is costing six million dollars each year. The manufacturer must calculate on this cost with his other problems of manufacture and a reduction in these losses means just that much saved to the country.

Accidents reported to the Workmen's Compensation Board have averaged over five thousand each month for the last several months. This means roughly two hundred accidents every working day and does not benefit either the industry nor the workers but is, rather, a heavy loss to both employer and employee.

An extension of the safety idea seems a logical and legitimate means of cutting production costs in this country.

OAT HULLS IN FEEDING STUFFS

In recent years, due largely to the passing of the Feeding Stuffs Act in 1920, much has been accomplished in preventing the adulteration of feeding stuffs. In Circular No. 11 of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, the use and place of oat hulls in feeding stuffs is dealt with. Oat hulls, it is stated, contain very little nutritive material and are exceedingly difficult to digest, and feeds containing a high percentage of hulls have not infrequently been blamed for causing injury and even death.

The Feeding Stuffs Act is designed to make it possible for every purchaser of feeding stuffs to know exactly what he is buying. Among other provisions it required a statement of ingredients to accompany each container of commercial feeding stuff or mixed chop offered for sale. Any feed of which oat hulls form a part should show their presence on the label.

Oat hulls are sometimes offered as an unmixed product, in which case they are invariably pulverized and appear on the market under attractive brand names, frequently without the labelling required under the Feeding Stuffs Act. When in mixture, they occur with more or less ground oats and pass as oat chop; or with one or more ingredients as commercial feeding stuffs. In such cases their presence must be stated. They also occur in mill feeds, either with or without screenings. When the provisions of the Act are complied with, the use of oat hulls in feeding stuffs is quite legal. The important feature is that in cases of suspicion the services of an inspector should be sought.

Protection is directly afforded [illegible] adulteration of feeding stuffs, either with oat hu[illegible] any other way, by the [illegible] under the direction of the Dominion Seed Commissioner, inspectors are stationed throughout Canada whose duty it is to supervise the sale of all feeds, and to take samples of such as may seem suspicious for detailed examination in the Dominion laboratories.

ARTHUR HENDERSON.

True as Steel, Good as Gold, Never Violent.

While Arthur Henderson climbed to his post of fame and power in Labor ranks from a start as a moulder, he has a side less tinged with the plain-speaking qualities associated with Labor politics. He has been described by a London writer as "industrious and good, free from all vices, a total abstainer, a church member, true as steel, good as gold, impeccable, never violent." That almost sounds like a man fit for translation to another world, but a glance at the portraits of Arthur Henderson shows a pleasant, well-nourished, good-natured man, who would make friends in any kind of gathering and hold them by his personality. His positive qualities such as described came to the surface in the hour of his country's need during the war, when he threw his great weight on the side of the war-winning forces, and for a time represented Labor in Lloyd George's War Cabinet.

It is quite a step from the days when Arthur Henderson, who was born in Glasgow in 1863, served on the moulder's bench in the Stephenson works, at Newcastle. He had received the ordinary school education before his parents removed to the city on the Tyne. When his apprenticeship as iron moulder expired he joined the Iron Moulders' Society and soon came to the front as a leader. He became interested in municipal affairs, and was elected a member of the City Council and a magistrate of Newcastle. Leaving his trade, he became distributing agent for a Labor newspaper, but was again in municipal politics in Darlington and in the Durham County Council. He entered the House of Commons in the Labor interest in 1903 as member for Barnard Castle, sitting for that riding until 1918, since which time he has had two defeats, including the recent December contest. He was chairman of the Parliamentary Labor party from 1908 to 1910, president of the Board of Education in 1915, and later Labor adviser to the Government. A visit to Russia on a Government mission in 1917 is credited with having set his direction forever from that of the extremists; but he quit the Cabinet on a difference with Lloyd George on Russian matters.

Henderson, who took office as Home Secretary in the MacDonald Cabinet, stands for the typical British virtues of thoroughness, steady application and a distaste for violent or revolutionary measures. When in 1918 Kerensky came from Russia to the Labor conference in London he responded to an uproarious welcome by planting a resounding kiss on Henderson. The latter recoiled as if stung and blushed like a schoolgirl. "Now, Arthur, be a woman," shouted the audience, and it was only when he recovered enough to smile that the situation was saved.

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DAMASCUS.

Beginning of City Lost In the Dim Mist.

The story is told that Mohamet in the early days when he was a camel-driver, seeing Damascus from a distance, refused to enter, because a man could only hope to enter Paradise once.

There is certainly no lovelier view in the world than that of the ancient city surveyed from the height of Es Salahiyeh, on the lower slope of the Anti-Lebanon range, to the north of the city, writes Dr. Norman Maclean.

The sun's rays fell aslant, weaving a fairy grossamer veil over mosque and palace. It looks like a dream that visits the light slumbers of the morning—a dream dreamed but to vanish.

What city of radiant shades, deliberately blending one into another! Like great billows rolling away into the far distance, the green verdure goes tumbling toward the horizon until it spends itself upon the desert. As clear as a tide mark, the green ends and the barren land begins, and that constitutes the surpassing beauty of Damascus.

It is a city set in the midst of an oasis of verdure, with the shades of trees and the music of running water, begirt by the desert, Abana and Pharpar, the rivers of Damascus, have set that pearl in an emerald setting and made it the joy of the East. No wonder the camel-driver coming out of the sandy yellow hills and seeing suddenly its spl[illegible] against the barren slopes, refused to enter—trembling for his soul!

The name of Damascus means the abode of irrigation, and when one sees the waters scattered hither and thither creating riches and fertility, one realizes that never was a name more fittingly bestowed.

The extraordinary thing is that, though the beginnings of the city are lost in the dim mist, yet in appearance the city is modern as if of yesterday. It is wonderful to recall here in the city so justly designated the "Pearl of the East" that Eliezer the steward of Abraham's household, was a native of Damascus.

It was Damascus that gave Christianity its interpreter; it was there that the herald was found in the blinded Saul of Tarsus, who enabled it to launch forth as a world religion. That is the glory of Damascus.

The Straight called Straight is as straight as ever, but its splendor is gone. The bazaars are filled with silks and carpets and lovely inlaid work. The shrines are as apochryphal here as in all the East. The subterranean chapel which the Franciscans dedicated to Ananias dates only from 1820. The window by which St. Paul was let down when he escaped from the Jews looks modern enough.

But the most interesting sight witnessed by Dr. Maclean was the great factory which produces the beautiful Damascus goods which go over the world. In that great workshop he saw the sad spectacle of little children hard at work hammering brass and inlaying mother of pearl.

One child of four years worked there with no thought of ca-canny; one boy of nine lay asleep in the chips with his tools in his hands. Dr. Maclean asked the official who showed him around what the hours of work were. "Ten hours a day," he replied, in a matter-of-fact tone, taking it all as a matter of course. A child of four—and ten hours' work! There's the gulf between East and West.

The guide calmly said of these little children. "What else is there for them to do; there are no schools."

The Ruhr District.

The Ruhr district in West Prussia, Germany, takes its name from a river, which, rising in the Rothaar Mountai[illegible] to the Rhine into which it empties at Ruhport. The district through which it flows contains large and very rich coalfields, and it was here that the great German munition factories were situated. France took military occupation of the Ruhr district on the ground that inasmuch Germany was not complying with the terms of the Treaty of Versailles with respect to reparation, especially in the delivery of coal, possession should be taken of the coal fields and the mines worked under military pressure so that the payment in coal, as agreed upon, could be made. For several months the occupation has been complete, but so far as reparation payments are concerned, France has not yet derived much benefit from this policy, the wisdom of which has been questioned by many statesmen among the allied and associated Powers.

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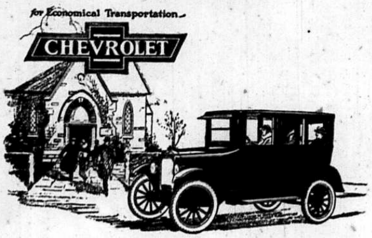

Large Increase In Immigration.

Immigration figures, covering the eight months of the fiscal year ending November 30 last, show a remarkable increase over the corresponding period in 1922-23.

The total number of immigrants who came to Canada from all countries during the eight months period of 1922 was 58,882, while of last year the immigration from the British Isles alone was greater than that, and the immigration from all countries, totalling 115,091 was more than double.

The number of immigrants from the British Isles in the 1922-23 period was only 27,262. Immigration from the United States shows a ten per cent. decrease last year as compared with 1922. From "other countries" 39,391 immigrants came to Canada last year, as compared with 11,580 during the eight months period a year previous. This is an increase of 240 per cent.

Exports of Rye.

Canadian rye exports in October amounted to 940,154 bushels, and went to eight different countries in Europe. Nearly half the total went to the United Kingdom, the other largest purchases being Finland, Norway and Belgium. Each of these countries took over 100,000 bushels.

The First Wall Paper.

William of Orange is given the credit for introducing wall paper into England. It was first made in sheets, but after the lapse of one hundred years rolls were found more convenient. Most of the papers in use are printed by machinery, but some are still printed by hand, and others painted. The price of a paper depends upon the quality of material, and also upon the printing. As a rule very cheap papers have no background, so that it is the ground rather than the pattern that indicates quality. New patterns are brought out every season by the makers, and it will be found that patterns a year old, not included in the new range, are usually to be obtained at a cheaper rate. As very few people can tell whether a wall paper is out of date or not, the saving is sometimes worth consideration. British wall papers are usually twelve yards long and twenty-one inches wide, but French papers are only nine yards long and eighteen inches wide; a paperhanger generally allows one roll in seven for waste. Bathroom papers are usually printed in oil colors or in washable distemper; and there are now some beautiful wall coverings printed on cotton which is used as a substitute for silk tapestry.

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Here and There

A dispatch from London, England, states that the Soudan Government, through Capt. E. C. Midwinter, general manager of railways and steamers, Soudan, Africa, has accepted a tender from a British Columbia firm for 150,000 railway ties of Douglas fir. The contract expressly stipulates that the railway ties shall be of Canadian origin.

British Columbia's shipment of water-borne lumber to overseas markets totalled 521,707,132 board feet last year, against 273,146,800 in 1922, an increase of 91 per cent. This announcement was recently made by the provincial minister of lands and it is a remarkable index of the rapid expansion of the lumber industry in British Columbia.

Under a scheme inaugurated by the Provincial Government it is announced that British Columbia will advance loans up to $300 a family to settlers from the Hebrides, on condition that the British Government advance a like amount. In view of the present depression in the islands, it is expected that the British Government will co-operate.

Keen interest in all Canadian manufacturies and especially in mineral products, wood pulp, textiles, leather and rubber goods, heavy machinery and farm machinery is now manifested by France and Belgium, according to H. E. Tessier of Montreal, who recently accompanied an exhibit of these manufacturies on a tour through every important city in these countries. Mr. Tessier believes that the tour will bring great practical benefit to Canada as soon as French currency becomes more stable.

The exterior of the great Canadian pavilion at Wembley has now been completed, and the interior decorators are busily finishing the building, according to H. E. Tessier, who has just returned to Canada abroad the Canadian Pacific liner Montclare. The exhibits are being rapidly assembled and everything points to Canada's display being ready in time for the opening of the British Empire Exhibition.

That Canada's culture has nothing to fear from the promised flow of immigration from continental Europe was the message recently delivered by J. Murray Gibbon, Canadian author and litterateur, in an address on "Canadian Literature and the Foreign-born" given in Montreal recently. Of all the Scandinavian races contributing to the Canadian population, Mr. Gibbon considers the Icelanders to have the highest literary mentality.

More than 13,000,000 bushels of grain have been received at the Government elevator at Vancouver, B.C., from Canadian Pacific Railway cars since the opening of the crop year, according to a report issued by railway officials. Exported from Vancouver in the same period there have been 20,416,534 bushels, comprising 15,488,348 bushels to the United Kingdom, 4,630,105 to the Orient and 338,183 bushels to South America.

The aggregate value of all field crops in Canada in 1923, was $891,755,200, according to a report of the Bureau of Statistics, a decrease of $70,538,000 from 1922, caused mainly by the lower prices applicable practically to every crop. This sum was made up of the following items: wheat, $316,606,700; oats, $177,704,400; barley, $32,055,700; rye, $11,246,900; hay and clover $162,882,000; mixed grains, $17,654,800; potatoes, $57,076,800 turnips, etc., $22,650,100; corn, husking, $12,465,000.

A golden wedding, celebrated by Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Williams, of Regina, Saskatchewan, was one of the novelties enjoyed by the passengers on board the Canadian Pacific "Empress of Britain" when the ship was at Barbados during the West Indies cruise. "Here Comes the Bride" was played by the ship's orchestra, and a huge wedding cake was baked, adorned with 50 candles and presented to the happy couple at a surprise party, in which even the crew joined.

Earl Bridges, 17-year-old musher, from Le Pas, Manitoba, won the Eastern International Dog Sled Derby at Quebec, receiving the gold cup and $1000 awarded for the team first past the winning post. The race was run on three successive days, February 21, 22 and 23, in daily laps of 40 miles, under extremely trying conditions due to the heavy snowfall on February 20, which was the worst Quebec has known for half a century. Bridges, who won the Le Pas Dog Sled Derby, also captured a silver cup awarded for the best-matched team of dogs in the Quebec race. There were 15 starters.

The First Steel Pens.

Steel pens were invented before the destruction of Pompeii (A.D. 79), for in the Museum of Naples, Italy, there is a pen-point made of bronze, slit after the manner practiced today, which was found in the ruins of Pompeii, but they were first commonly known in the fifteenth century. Barrel pens were first made in 1780 by a split-ring maker of Birmingham, England, named Samuel Harrison. A blacksmith of Sedgeley, Worcestershire, England, named Sheldon, improved the method of making these, tapering or splitting the nib or pen-point before the barrel pen was tempered. In 1803 Bryan Donkin made barrel pens with pen-points of steel, brass, silver, gold, and platinum. To him was granted the first English patent for making steel pens.

Never Backs Horse.

No race-horse of recent years has been more in the public eye than Papyrus, (whose recent sensational defeat by Zev in America set two continents talking.)

Since returning to England, Papyrus, who made his debut as the property of Mr. Ben Irish, a tenant-farmer, has been bought by Mr. J. P. Hornung, a sugar planter, whose only recreation during nearly fifty years' hard work, has been horse racing.

Mr. Hornung is well-known to racegoers, a few of whom, however, are aware that he himself has never yet backed a horse.

"That's an amusement I leave to others," he said, when asked to state his reasons, "I get all the fun I want out of owning horses—winners or losers."

ORIGINAL RED CAP IN SEIGE OF PARIS

First of force on Continent is still at work in Canadian Pacific Windsor Station

Remains Patriotic Frenchman

BEHIND all great transportation companies must always exist the human factor. Many of these human factors are visible, but there are many thousand individuals who are not seen at all, and others who are seldom seen, yet all of them vitally necessary in maintaining the smooth running of the system.

M. Louis Dupart.

Of the visible aids are the baggagemen, but it is probable that the travelling public seldom give them a second thought after receiving a check, unless it is to protest against being charged excessively. The baggagemen form an important link in the chain and the searcher in the hunt for interesting individuals who is permitted to explore that almost unknown land behind the counter, is certain to be rewarded in his efforts.

It was on such a voyage of discovery at Windsor street (Montreal) station of the Canadian Pacific Railway, that Monsieur Louis Dupart entered the horizon of the explorer, and added to the general knowledge of one individual.

Louis Dupart has several claims to fame. One is that he is the only man of that name in Canada—that is his own statement—another is that he is the original "Red Cap," having been the actual Number One on the American Continent, and witness what an army has developed from the original private in the ranks

It might be thought from this that Mr. Dupart is a colored man, but make no mistake on that score; he is not, and, further, is a native of one of the most delightful cities of the world, Paris. In his birthplace Mr. Dupart touches history. While yet a lad he witnessed some of the scenes of the siege in 1871 and remembers the hunger that was one sad feature of those stirring times. Mr. Dupart remains the patriotic Frenchman, and by virtue of his service is always allowed to absent himself on July 14th, the French national festival.

"Paris was terrible then," commented Mr. Dupart, "and not like the gay city it was to afterwards become, so that in 1873 the 'Canada Agent' there had but little difficulty in persuading my parents to make their way across the Atlantic. The 'Agent' promised wages of three to four dollars a day, but when we came we found them only eighty cents, and it was great satisfaction afterwards to learn that he had been sent to jail. We sailed on the Scandinavian of the old Allan line."

Started at Fifteen

Dupart, senior, set up a forge in Duke street, Montreal, and it was in that sturdy neighborhood that Louis grew up until at the age of fifteen, a Mr. Cook, then superintendent of the Y.M.C.A., used his influence to have him placed at work in Bonaventure station. There was some difficulty in finding work for Louis, but eventually he was given a badge, and told to help the passengers with their hand baggage, and thus became the original Red Cap.

In 1887, Mr. Dupart joined the service of the Canadian Pacific and at Dalhousie station—the old structure is yet standing—became a baggageman and a relief for the police and the ticket men, and when Windsor street station was opened years afterwards he was transferred to the new building. In the thirty-five years of service with the Canadian Pacific Mr. Dupart witnessed many changes in the railway itself and in the city, remembering when cows were pastured in St. Catherine street, now the uptown shopping district of Montreal. In himself he has changed only to the extent of becoming more philosophical, which has enabled him to appreciate that even a baggageroom may prove a world of boundless interest.

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The Gates of Gaza.

Addressing a Rotary Club meeting recently, Lord Shaw of Dunfermline recalled a quaintly amusing episode of his boyhood days.

Scripture lessons formed an important part of the education of a little Scots lad in those times, and there was one episode in Biblical history which puzzled him considerably.

Amongst his acquaintances was a grocer named Sampson, and to him the little lad went, intent on seeking a solution of the problem that was agitating his mind:

"I remember yet," said Lord Shaw, "the tinkling of the front door bell as I stalked boldly into his shop. The customers made way for me as I advanced. I was not so high as his counter, but I put my hand up to it, interrupting his business with the demand:

"Please, Mr. Sampson, are you the gentleman who carried away the gates of Gaza on his back, and, if so, will you pleased tell me how you managed it?"

It is perhaps unnecessary to explain that the youthful questioner had mixed up Mr. Sampson with the Samson of mighty strength.

Entered Lhasa.

To have penetrated to mysterious Lhasa, in Tibet, which is known as the Forbidden City of the Living Buddha, is an achievement of which few, if any, other white men than Dr. William Montgomery McGovern can boast.

Dr. McGovern, who made the journey on anthropological, literary, and antiquarian grounds, had to go most of the way disguised as a coolie. He had to study for a long time the habits of these coolies. Tremendous courage was required to carry the enterprise through, and that he not only reached the city, but also gained possession of many priceless manuscripts and took many photographs, is tribute to his dauntlessness. He remained six weeks, and then had to fly for his life, when his disguise was discovered and the city raised against him.

McINTOSH BROS. Where you get the best value for your money.

SWEATER YARN

Be sure to see the beautiful range of colorings in our Silk and Wool Yarn. This is a new range. Priced 4 balls for **$1.00**

CORSET SPECIAL

The best Corset offering we ever put out. They are very heavy quality coutil, in all sizes. Special for this week only.. **.95**

PRINTED SCRIM

Scrim makes a dainty little curtain. This is very evenly woven quality, with nice floral pattern. Very special per yard .... **.25**

COSTUME SLIPS

Well made, well finished Slips. The very newest style in striped satinette. A large range of colorings............ **$1.75**

MARQUISETTE

With colored border in cream only. This material makes serviceable curtains. Specially priced per yd............ **.35**

SPECIAL THIS WEEK

Bloomers to match the above with double elastic at knee. Also special this week **$1.50**

Laundry Soap Special

10 bars McIntosh Bros. Special Laundry Soap and 2 packages LUX this week only for only **$1.00**

ALL LINEN TOWELLING

Strong quality all linen Towelling, about 18 in. wide, worth 35c., special this week, only per yard............ **.25**

MEN'S SHIRTS

A choice selection of Men's Dress Shirts, that are real bargains. Sizes 14 to 17, clearing at............ **$1.39**

STRONG PILLOW COTTON

Well bleached Pillow Cotton, made to wear, width 40 in. Exera value for this week only. Special per yd..... **.46**

36 INCH FLANNELETTE

We have just received a shipment of English Flannelette in dark and light colors, 36 in. wide, special per yd... **.35**

WHITE CAMBRIC

Snow white underwear Cambric, chamois finish. Very special at per yard... **.25**

32 INCH COTTON FLANNEL

A light weight Flannel, suitable for dress shirts, in three patterns. Worth 35c., special for this week only, per yd.. **.29**

'PHONE 359 **McINTOSH BROS.** **NAPANEE BRANCH**

GREAT STRIDES IN RADIO.

Has Entered Upon an Era of Development.

Radio is now included in contemporary history as one of its many modern subdivisions. Growth here, like the strides taken by other gifts of science to the worlds of commerce and recreation, has been rapid. Radio, having established itself, entred upon an era of development, and its history during the past twelve months has been rather a story of improvement, due to scientific effort, than of a mushroom growth in popularity, which was apparent during the preceding year.

A history of radio during 1923, made available by one of the largest producing companies on the continent, would amaze even the ardent "fan" with its revelations of forward strides. The all-powerful vacuum tube—to-day everyone is familiar with that term—is definitely better in its efficiency of operation, so that tubes of a year ago are already power-wasting antiquities. The technical expert who compiled the review explains the redesigning of the smallest of the standard tubes through the development of a new filament and its consequent longer life and superior qualities, but his language is intelligible only to the experts themselves.

Summarized, however, the review makes apparent the fact that modern science moves swiftly. What today is the model of efficiency becomes to-morrow an instrument of waste incomparable to the new product in its merits.

The review affords an interesting picture of the standardized transpacific and transatlantic transmitting and receiving stations: "The layout of these communication channels consists of three separate divisions," it says. "First, the transmitting station, usually located at some advantageous position near the coast for sending communications across the sea. Second, a receiving station, also advantageously located for reception from the across the sea—but usually removed from the transmitter. And, third, the operating division, usually located in the heart of the business or financial centre to which the communication service is to be rendered. The operating division may frequently be separated by 100 to 200 miles from either of the two other divisions, but it directly controls through suitable remote-control relays the operation of these two divisions. Thus, communication is directly carried on from the desired point without transcription by the other divisions."

Tree Alphabet.

On the estate of Sir William Geary at Tonbridge, Eng., there is an avenue of alphabetical trees, which is being added to by a new set, which are being planted in pairs on each side of the existing avenue at intervals of ten yards, beginning with alder, ash, birch, catalpa, davidia, elm, fir, and so on through the alphabet to yulan and zelkova.

In the Weser district in Germany there is another fashion in trees which is entirely a commercial one. The trees have a red and blue tint, which is the result of experiments in dyeing. Each tree is hung with a receptacle containing blue or red coloring. This is conducted through a rubber tube into the roots of the tree. In about a month the coloring matter makes its way through all the branches. The trees die off and are felled, the wood being used for many purposes, but especially for making furniture.

ROLLS AND ROYCE.

A Brief History of Celebrated Automobile Designers.

The personal story of Mr. Rolls and Mr. Royce, the Englishmen whose names became a hall-mark of super-excellence in the automobile industry, is one of romantic interest. It is a common thing in Canada and the United States to think that the Old Country does not furnish opportunities for the poor boy. Well, Mr. Royce, designer of the Rolls-Royce, was a poor boy in England, started as a newsboy and errand boy, studied at night, and equipped himself as a high-class electrical and mechanical engineer.

The Hon. Charles Rolls was killed when flying thirteen years ago. He said of himself: "I set about trying to break my neck about as soon as I could walk." He was the youngest son of Lord Llangattock, and, while still a child, scandalized that gentleman (who was returning from church with some friends) by driving a steam-roller round the estate. "They came upon me driving this ponderous vehicle, black and oily of face but supremely happy!"

Before 1896 he had practical experience of motoring in France, and later drove from London to Cambridge in eleven and three-quarter hours. In 1902 he completed a university arts course and set up in business. C. S. Rolls and Co. gave advice to people who demanded it, and dealt in a small way in foreign cars. Two years later, Rolls was introduced to a Mr. F. Henry Royce, who had built a small two-cylinder car at the electrical work of Royce, Limited, of Manchester, Eng. The new vehicle pleased Rolls immensely, and he brought it to the notice of his friend Mr. Claude Johnson, who became joint managing director of the new firm, which agreed to take over the whole of the automobile output of Royce, Limited.

F. Henry Royce, who since that day has continued to design Rolls-Royce products, started life under very difficult conditions. He was born near Peterborough, England, in 1863, and was brought up in impecunious circumstances owing to the early death of his father. Between the ages of 10 and 11 he was selling newspapers in the streets for Messrs. W. H. Smith and Son. Then he had a year's schooling, and at the age of 13 became a telegraph boy. By the time he was eighteen, he had some engineering experience in the G. N.R.'s shops at Doncaster.

There was a period of unemployment in Leeds, followed by several months in the Italian arsenal as a fitter. The hours were from 6 a.m. to 10 p.m., and all night on Fridays!

In 1881 he went to London to the Electric Light and Power Company, and was able to study at evening classes. A year later he was chief electrician to the Electrical Company at Liverpool, and when that failed financially he founded a small company in Manchester, under the title of "Royce, Limited." This firm still carries on the manufacture of the giant electric cranes which the genius of Mr. Royce so largely made possible.

In 1905 the first four-cylinder Rolls-Royce was marketed. It ran second in the Tourist-Trophy race on its first public appearance, and cars of its type are still running satisfactorily after 18 years. The famous "Silver-Ghost" six-cylinder car of 1907 set up and as yet unbeaten record by running continuously for 15,000 miles except for one stop of 53 seconds due to the forgetfulness of someone who failed to turn on the gasoline. All the worn parts of this car were afterwards replaced to the satisfaction of the R.A.C. The bill came to £2 2s. 7d.

Race after race fell to "Charlie" Rolls, and at the Le Mans course he met Wilbur Wright, who gave him his first flight in 1908. The new sport fascinated Rolls. By 1910 he had severed several of his connections with his firm in order to devote himself more fully to flying.

He made the first double crossing of the Channel without landing on French soil, in June, 1910.

A month later this distinguished engineer and sportsman was killed in an aeroplane smash at Bournemouth.

Since the cessation of war, Rolls-Royce engines have propelled one aeroplane across the Atlantic and another to Australia.

Last year an almost unique honor was paid to Mr. Royce. In his own lifetime, a prophet in his own country, he has had erected to him a statue at Derby.

DISFIGURE COUNTRYSIDE.

Appeal to Safeguard Natural Beauties of Public Highways.

The British Ministry of Transport has drawn the attention of local authorities to the disfigurement of the countryside by the placing of advertisements along public highways. The Assistant Secretary of the Ministry, in a letter addressed to the clerks to the county councils in England and Wales and Scotland, writes:—

"I am directed by the Minister of Transport to state that he has noticed with concern the increasing extent to which the countryside is becoming disfigured by the erection of unsightly hoardings and advertisements on lands and buildings adjacent to public highways. His attention has been especially drawn to this unfortunate development of advertising activity by the fact that large hoardings are now being erected by the side of some of the new arterial roads in the area of Greater London, even before the works have been completed and the roads opened to traffic.

"During the past few years large sums have been spent by the Government and by highway authorities in the improvement of important roads and in the construction of new roads. It appears to the Minister that it would be lamentable that these great arteries of traffic should immediately be marred and disfigured by unsightly advertisements, and the wayfaring public thereby deprived, in great measure, of the enjoyment which public highways should afford. I am, therefore, to ask that you will move your council to consider whether any further action can usefully be taken by them, under the powers conferred by the Advertisements Regulation Act, 1907, or otherwise, to safeguard the amenities of the public highways under their control."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Maple Leaf Paint.

A standard brand, which we are clearing out. While the supply lasts we sel it at $1.00 quart. DAVY & ALLISON.

WILSON'S
HARDWARE

Brighten up Your Home.
A little Paint will do it.

MARTIN-SENOUR
100% Pure
Paints and Varnishes

—Also—
Genuine White Lead,
Best Boiled Oil,
Pure Turpentine.

A Paint for Every Purpose
A Brush for Every Purpose
Our Purpose—
To Serve You.

D. B. WILSON
'Phone 138.

F. C. MARTIN & SON
FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND UNDERTAKERS

Parlors and Office :
Dundas St., Napanee

A motor ambulance has been purchased and is available when required, **day or night.**

Office Telephone No. 74.
Residence Telephone No. 375
F. C. MARTIN & SON.
Successors to Hambly & Ming.

24-6m

H. W. GALLAGHER

The People's Auctioneer

My experience in handling a number of very successful sales has convinced my patrons that I am capable of handling any sale and guarantee to give you perfect satisfaction.

List your sales with me.
H. W. GALLAGHER.
Phone 10 ring 1-3,
Adolphustown.

11-3-m

INSURANCE !

Most fires in dwelling houses occur in winter.

Have your home and furniture protected with a policy.

Insurance experts, will gladly advise you if you 'phone or call.

HARSHAW & SON
AGENTS FOR ALL CLASSES OF INSURANCE.
NAPANEE, ONT.

You don't know what yon are missing by not having

A Radio Set

Before you buy come in and hear the NEW SHUTT RADIO RECEIVER. This is the latest thing in Radio.

Price Complete, Installed **$75.00**
Other Sets from .... **$55.00 UP**

Now is the time to get

Your Battery put in Shape for Spring

Don't leave it till you need it.
We specialize on Battery Work

Auto Electric Service Station

E. F. SMITH,
'Phone 264.
JOHN STREET, - NAPANEE.

Dairy Supplies.

Milk Cans (8 gallons) Dairy Pails, Pans, Creamers, etc., alays in stock. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Floor Wax !

Johnson's dependable floor wax, waxing brushes and dust mops. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Sheet Metal Work.

Mr. Ross L. Card announces that he has taken the agency for The Pedlar People, Manufacturers of all classes of sheet metal goods. Roofing, siding, metal ceilings, garages, etc. Let us estimate on your requirements. Phone No. 115-r-2. 15-cp

Wallace's Sell

Highest grade Separator Oil, 25c. quart ; new Electric Louse Powder 35c. a lb. ; 6 lbs. Epsom Salts for stock 25c. ; 1 lb. pure Salt Petre 25c. ; 6 lbs. Sulphur 25c.; Walladerma (Winter Balm) 25c. a bottle ; Glycerine and Rose Water 15c. bottle ; 2 oz. Blaud's Improved Iron Pills 25c. Everything fresh and good at WALLACE's.

An Unepding Demand.

The luxuries of today are the necessities of tomorrow. Modern standards make indispensable commodities and services that only a few years ago were the possessions of only a small circle. The Annual Report of the Bell Telephone Company says, "SERVICE IS NOW REQUIRED OF US IN HOMES AND SMALL PLACES OF BUSINESS WHICH, A FEW YEARS AGO, COULD NOT HAVE BEEN CONSIDERED AS A POSSIBLE MARKET. THUS WITHIN OUR PRESENT BOUNDARIES, THE TELEPHONE FIELD IS BROADENING DAILY." Telephone installations have increased about ten times as fast as population in the last decade.

Daly's Good Tea is dependable —When you buy a pound you know with certainty that you will serve a tea rich in flavor and of the proper strength, one that will make the members of your family or your guests exclaim, "What a splendid cup of tea." This famous brand for sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

VanLuven
1886-1924

The Right Size of the Right Coal, in the Right Place, makes satisfied customers.

Quality and Weight Right, too.

Try a ton. We deliver promptly.
Call 92.

VINE'S ELECTRIC SHOP SPECIAL FOR MARCH

Owing to the quiet time of the year we are in the midst of, I would be pleased to give estimates on wiring at reduced rates. Have that Water Heater and Electric Range installed at a reduced price and be ready for the spring time when it arrives.

Call in and see my stock of National Ranges and Water Heaters, Irons, Toasters, Curling Tongs, Vacuum Cleaners, Washing Machines.

Also a complete line of Fixtures, Lamps, Bulbs, always on hand.

Make it a point to purchase all your appliances and have your repairing done at Vine's Electric Shop and be satisfied with price and workmanship.

Agent for the Saron Farm Light and Power Plant, of Montreal.

Vine's Electric Shop
Market Square, Napanee
'Phone 367.

Wallace's Drug Store are agents for Johnson's Floor Wax in Napanee.

The best investment I ever made

That's what everyone says who uses a Buckeye Incubator. The big hatches, the fine husky, wonderful chicks, the absolute certainty of always getting a good hatch, make it a *real investment*, safe and profitable—instead of a gamble.

Buy a Buckeye—the incubator that is fully guaranteed by the world's largest manufacturer and used by more than 700,000 prosperous poultry raisers. Come in and see these wonderful machines — 65 to 600-egg capacity.

THE M. B. MILLS CO.
NAPANEE, ONT.

HATCH EVERY HATCHABLE EGG

PINE LUMBER
FOR SALE

In all thicknesses and dimensions.—Also Hardwoods, Slabs and Stovewood.

After January 10 we will do **CUSTOM SAWING** at our water power Grist Mill

AT MILLHAVEN

Phone 14 Napanee, or
Bath Central.

M. R. MIDMER

GRACE METH. CHURCH

A. J. TERRILL, B.A., B.D., Pastor.

9.30—Class meeting

10.30—Public Worship.

7 p.m.—Anniversary of Social Service and Evangelism, conducted by Rev. G. T. Campbell.

11.45 — Sunday School and Adult Classes.

Monday, 8 p.m.—League service.

Wednesday, 7.45—Prayer and praise.

Friday, 8 p.m.—Deacon Dubbs and his company will be at home to their friends. Tickets 35c., and 20c.

Safety Razors.

Gillette's genuine Safety Razors. While they last, only 75c. each. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Motor Licenses.

Mr. Wilfred S. Wilson has been appointed issuer of Motor Vehicles Licenses for this county. The license plates are now ready for distribution to anyone requiring them.

"Deacon Dubbs."

A comedy in three acts, with a dozen laughs in each act. In Grace Church school-room, on Friday evening, March 14th. This is being put on by the "Helping Hand" Bible Class and we hope to see a full house. Admission 35c., children under 12, 20c.

YOU CANNOT JUDGE BY APPEARANCE.

It is impossible to tell the quality of tea by the appearance of the leaf. A rough, coarse, unevenly rolled tea may taste much better in the cup than a closely rolled, well tipped tea that LOOKS much finer. The only way to be sure of getting tea of reliable quality is to buy a tea like "SALADA," whose goodness and purity are guaranteed.

Effective Publicity.

Just as with every enlightened organization nowadays, the Bell Telephone Company finds that it pays to advertise. The Annual Report of the Company says :—"Through the press, addresses by employees, demonstrations before public bodies and by invitations to our exchanges, we have continued our policy of telling the public freely of our service problems. There is evident benefit from these frank statements, both in general understanding of telephone service and in more effective use thereof. This ready response of the public is helpful and encouraging and is much appreciated."

Many farmers claim hat Higgins' White Hellebore (mixed 1 lb. with 3 lbs. of cement) makes a sure killer for lice on cattle. This brand for sale at WALLACE'S only.

Fifty Years Married ; Gift of Purse of Gold.

A very wide circle of friends extend congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. Allison Martin, Camden township, who on Sunday, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary. On March 9th, fifty years ago, their marriage took place in the village of Moscow. Mr. Martin is seventy-six years of age and Mrs. Martin is seventy-two. The occasion was marked by the presentation of a purse of gold to the venerable couple by the members of the family. Mr. Martin was born and raised on the old homestead and it is of interest to note that members of the family of five generations have lived in this home in Camden township. S. O. Martin, travelling agent for the Canadian National Express Company, for the Maritime Division, with headquarters at Moncton, N.B., is a son, and Mrs. Jas. Hogle, at home, is a daughter. Mrs. Martin is a daughter of John Lucas, Moscow, and Mr. Martin is a son of James Martin. Both are enjoying good health. Mr. Martin has one brother, Joshus, who is eighty-two years of age and who lives at Syracuse. He visits his brother every summer, but owing to the bad crossing on the ice, could not be present for the celebration. Mrs. Martin has sisters over the seventy mark and one over eighty years of age is with her sister for her anniversary celebration.

Keep a box of Cold Break Ups on hand and he minute you feel a cold coming on commence taking them. Nine times out of ten you will break it up. 25c. a box at WALLACE'S.

Collegiate News.

The Literary Society of the N. C. I. met on Thursday, March 6th, in the Assembly Hall of the school. Mr. Albert Hill, as President, brought the meeting to order. The minutes of the previous meeting, Friday, Feb. 22nd, were read and approved and a splendid selection was rendered by the School Orchestra, which is made up of about 16 pieces. Our President then gave an interesting and comical address on his "First years at the N.C.I." From this speech we found out that the young people of this era are not worse, as many seem to think, but better at least than when Mr. Hill entered the Collegiate. The next number was a piano solo by Katherine Baird and it was quite worthy of the highest praise. Marjory Ham favored us with a piano solo and Misses K. Gleeson and H. Grange with a piano duet. A fourth piano selection was given by Marguerite Kouber and it was highly appreciated. The music of the meeting was all of the highest order and was well rendered by five musicians. The last number on the programme was by the Orchestra, after which Miss Stewart was called upon to give her remarks as critic ; but they carried no criticism, only praise of which we might be proud. The meeting was then closed with the ational Anthem.

Sugar-Making Supplies.

Sap Buckets, newest in Sap Spoiles, Tapping Bits, etc. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

If you want results use The Express "Want Column." It is a good advertising medium.

Removal

The firm of
Jas. Walters
has removed
UPSTAIRS ABOVE THE HYDRO OFFICE

Entrance one door west of their former store

JAMES WALTERS,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
NAPANEE

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

Sunday, 10.30—Morning Worship.

11.45—Sunday school and bible classes.

Sunday, 7.00 p. m.—Evening Worship.

Thursday, 7.30 p.m.—Midweek service.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church :

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar

10.30—Holy Communion.
12.00—Sunday School-
7.00—Evening prayer.

The services will be conducted by Rev. J. O. Crisp, M.A., Rural Dean, of Frontenac.

Daily Lenten services at 8.30 a.m. and 5.00 p.m. Wednesdays at 7.30 p.m.

No services on Saturday, March 5th, or Monday, March 17th.

Repairs.

Winter weather requires good boots. Bring in those old ones and have them repaired.

SEYMOUR BROS.,
Near Post Office.

"Farm Folks."

A comedy drama in four acts. Will be given at Bath Masonic Hall, on March 19th, at 8 p.m., by the Anderson Dramatic Club. 2½ hours of real amusement. Admission 25c. 15-b

Grand Concert.

St. Andrew's Church, Monday, March 17th, 1924. Miss Jean McIntosh, Elocutionist, pupil of Owen Smiley ; Mr. Roland J. Daly, Baritone, pupil of Dalton Baker, Toronto ; Mrs. J. Ernest Madden, Accompanist. Do not miss this treat. Admission 50c. 13-c

The Market Grocery.

Our grocery lines are fresh, pure and wholesome. We do not buy second grade lines. Good health demands pure foods. Our special blends of Teas and Coffee are the finest on the market. Garden Seeds of all varieties are now arriving. Hardy Hyderange Hills of Snow, the finest hardy shrub ever grown. A large white ball of bloom, six to ten inches in diameter. 700 Tuberous Begonias in 7 colors. Leave your order to arrive.

THOMPSON BROS.

MORVEN.

Sawing wood seems to be the order of the day.

Mr. Stanley Wickware, of Switzerville, and Mr. Wickware, of Cloyne, were recent visitors at Mr. Thomas Storey's.

Mr. Wm. Withers spent Tuesday with Mr. Willie Close, Violet.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lemmon called on Mr. Amos Storey on Sunday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Wilson visited at Mr. Chas. Wilson's on Sunday last.

The roads are in a bad shape for travelling.

March came in like a lamb, all hope it continues.

Ice Harvesting ?

Ice Saws and Ice Tongs at WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Queer Animal Quartette.

A queer quartette of tame animals has been presented to the Zoological Gardens, London, Eng., and all of them are in the Lemur House.

One is Twinkle, a young jaguar, who has not yet learned to be savage; another is Lucy, who would not be savage even if she could; another is Peter, a small Himalayan bear, who has already made many friends; the fourth is Nigger, a baby brown bear, who, looking fit for a toy shop rather than a menagerie, is the tiniest bear in the gardens.

Twinkle, one would imagine, must have been a hearth-rug pet, with free access to the larder, for he is so fat that he can hardly walk. Having a touch of gout, he prefers to lie upon his back and play "patticake" with visitors.

When the writer visited Twinkle he was thus engaged with a woman admirer, who, inside the cage, was showing her appreciation and daring by slapping his face and even placing her hand between his massive jaws.

She was wise enough not to pull his tail, for that indignity even Twinkle will not tolerate.

Lucy, who is a great rarity at the gardens, is a far safer subject to fondle and much more cuddlesome.

Some people have made a decided success in life by attending to their own business.

A man is but a worm of the dust —he comes along, wiggles about a while and finally some chicken gets him.

One of the best spring tonics and blood purifiers we know of is Burdock and Sarsaparilla with Potassium Iodide. Everyone needs just such a treatment after the winter. Sold in $1.00 bottles at WALLACE'S.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Rev. W. R. Tanton, Pastor.

10.30—Morning service. Subject, "The Churches in Asia—VII Laodicea."

11.45 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

6.30 p.m.—Organ Recital.

7.00 p.m.—Evening Service. Subject, "Some things in which we have been too narrow."

Evening, Sun. 23rd.—"Some things in which we have been too broad."

Monday, 7.45—Young People's Union.

Wednesday, 7.45 p.m.—Midweek Prayer and Praise service.

OLD BOYS' RE-UNION.

Napanee, March 5th, 1924.

To the Citizens of Napanee :

The question has often been asked, "Why has Napanee not had an Old Boys' Reunion?" Picton, Belleville, Kingston and many surrounding cities and towns have had similar gatherings and they have been very successful.

I believe a Lennox and Addington Old Boys' Re-union could be made a big success at the time of our Fair, Sept. 9, 10, 11 and 12th.

The Fair Association have contracted with The Happyland Midway, of Detroit, for above dates. This is a 10-car Midway. This year the Fair has broadened out to a four day Fair and the citizens should give every assistance to make it a success.

The Napanee Driving Park and the Lennox Fair Association officials have worked faithfully to make these societies the success they are.

Our present Town Council, in conjunction with the Board of Trade, should take this matter up and we believe they have material to make the Old Boys' Reunion a decided success.

I trust the Council will take this matter up at once. They can make a success of it if they wish.

Yours truly,
J. L. BOYES,
Sec'y Lennox Fair.

GRETNA.

A double presentation was given at the home of Mr. J. E. Loyst, on Monday night, Feb. 20th, when a large number of neighbors and friends met to spend a social evening with Mr. and Mrs. Loyst and family, also Mr. and Mrs. C. Moore, before their removal from the neighborhood.

Mr. and Mrs. Moore were presented with a set of dishes, Mr. and Mrs. Loyst with an electric iron, Lenora Loyst with an Eversharp pencil and guard, and Doris Loyst with a sterling silver Maple Leaf brooch and 50 cents. The presentation was made by Mr. Elmore Alkenbrack and the following address read by Mr. W. C. Joyce :

Mr. and Mrs. Loyst and family, and Mr. and Mrs. Moore :

Dear Friends,—This evening is to us one of mingled feelings, of gladness that we are here together for a social time, of sorrow because in view of your coming departure, we feel it may be the last we shall spend together for some time. All will be missed from our church, the ladies from our Ladies' Aid and Doris and Lenora from our Sunday School. One at least has spent all her life among us, the rest have been so long associated with us in all our activities, that we have formed many tender ties, which cannot be broken, which we earnestly hope will never be broken, though it is our wish and belief that you will make many new friends in your future homes. This, we feel, will not make less dear those you have left behind. That this remembrance may be more vivid we present you with these little tokens of our feelings. When you look at them will you think of the friends who are thinking of you and wishing you God speed.

Signed on behalf of your Gretna friends,

W. C. JOYCE.
E. ALKENBRACK.

After the reading of this address lunch was served and a very pleasant evening spent.

MARLBANK.

Lovely weather is again enjoyed and everybody who has wood to draw is busy getting it out before a big thaw comes and spoils the roads.

The driving party at Robert Asselstine's on Wednesday evening was a great success. A large crowd went and all reported a good time.

Mrs. Amey's many friends are glay to hear she is getting better after a very serious sickness.

Miss Thelma Revelle left the village Monday morning for Watertown.

Mrs. A. N. Allen spent Saturday in Kingston.

The ladies of the Missionary Society met at the home of Mrs. T. Pringle Tuesday afternoon.

Rev. Mr. Jones, a former pastor of the Anglican church, spent Sunday here and his many friends enjoyed his sermons.

Mr. Sullivan, the Rawleigh man from Tweed, visited our town on Monday last.

Blackleg in cattle can be prevented ! Once the disease sets in, it is absolutely incurable. The thing to do is to vaccinate your herd before any symptoms appear. Instist on Parke Davis & Co. fresh vaccine in sealed tubes of ten pellets, $1.00 tube at WALLACE'S.

ASSURANCE

THOSE who employ us have the assurance that they will receive the highest degree of service and satisfaction.

We are equipped to handle a commission in a thorough manner. Our services are dependable and polite.

MASTERS & TIERNEY
UNDERTAKERS
FULL MOTOR EQUIPMENT
WALLPAPERS WINDOW SHADES AND MOULDINGS

GERMAN MARKS
Genuine Reichsbank Issues
500,000 Marks $1.00
(Half Million) Limited Supply
ONE MILLION MARKS $1.75
C. A. GARNER, Dept. B.
3 West Dundas St. Toronto, Ont.

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A. E. PAUL
Clerk 1st Division Court
INSURANCE.
Office :
OVER HENRY'S BOOKSTORE.

Herbageum

The famous Stock Food and Poultry Tonic

in 2 lb. and 4lb. packages

35c. and 65c. each

GEO. E. WINTER,
SEEDS
Dundas St. Phone 78.

Napanee Marble and Granite Works

WHAT A MONUMENT MEANS TO YOU

And yours—it means affection and loyalty permanently sealed in a Granite Memorial of everlasting beauty. It means an investment in character, hope and optimism, it means a landmark in your life. Confer with us now, and have one erected for your lost loved one in the spring or summer.

WM. HOWITT.

Sills' Motors.

Service on all cars. Work guaranteed. We are installing new work shop equipment for time and labor saving, giving greater satisfaction to our customers. Genuine Ford parts. Formerly Lennox Garage.

A "Want Adv." in The Napanee Express will bring results. Try it.

WONDERLAND

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

The story selected to be William Farnum's new William Fox vehicle was found by John Frederick among the traditions of Southern California. It is called "THE GUNFIGHTER" and is true in every detail to the saga of the country from whose history it was adapted.

And a good comedy.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Breath-taking train and motor crash ! Child flung to safety, mother killed ! A story, of an heiress made a waif by evil plotters ! The most human picture of a girl's struggle with poverty ever filmed. A story that tugs at the heart, replete with thrills, comedy, sensations ! — "THE MIDNIGHT ALARM."

Also a 2-reel Comedy.

MONDAY and TUESDAY

Ahoy you folks who want the grandest romance of ships and seas ! It's here ! Barthlemess made it before the mast. Richard Barthlemess, with Dorothy Gish in "FURY."

Also a special comedy.

Black's 5-Piece Orchestra every Wednesday night.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

DAVY & ALLISON

Plumbing, Furnace Work, Tinsmiths.

Hardware, Paints and Oils.
Stoves, and Furnaces.

DAVY & ALLISON,
Next to Oaton's.

New Hydro Lamp Prices !

25 watt	Tungsten	37c
40 watt	"	37c
60 watt	"	42c
75 watt	Nitrogen	62c
100 watt	"	75c
150 watt	"	94c
200 watt	"	$1.25
250 watt	"	1.90
300 watt	"	2.20
500 watt	"	3.30

These Lamps are all Guaranteed for 1500 Hours

Hydro Shop

The Market Grocery.

Our grocery lines are fresh, pure and wholesome. Try Eagle's home-made Marmalade in Orange and Grapefruit. This week we have Oranges, Grapefruit, Malaga Grapes, Celery. A fresh shipment of Ogilvies best Flour, Rolled Oats, Graham Flour and Wheat Granules, Oyster Shell and Crystal Grit. For a delicious, refreshing cup of Tea or Coffee, try our special blends with an order at

THOMPSON BROS.

FARM HELP
CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS
IN CO-OPERATION WITH
ONTARIO GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT OF COLONIZATION
WILL AGAIN ASSIST FARMERS IN SECURING FARM HELP.

THERE will be an urgent demand all over Canada this year. If you need farm help apply early. The Canadian National Railways Colonization and Development Department, through its representatives in Great Britain, Scandinavian and other European countries, offers a free service to farmers. Order your farm help as early as possible in order that they will reach Canada in time for Spring.

BLANK APPLICATIONS CAN BE OBTAINED FROM ANY
CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS AGENT
OR
DEPARTMENT OF COLONIZATION AND DEVELOPMENT
CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS
MONTREAL, QUE.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

15-c

Davis For

Your Spring Coat.

The Smallest Store, The Smallest Prices, The Smallest Profits,

The Largest Collection.

ASPIRIN

Beware of Imitations!

BAYER

Demand

Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for

Colds	Headache
Toothache	Lumbago
Neuritis	Rheumatism
Neuralgia	Pain, Pain

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proven directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for Perusal by the Readers of Our Paper.

TUESDAY.

French glove trade undersells British.

Hamilton juniors win round from Parry Sound.

Fall of snow on prairies is welcomed by farmers.

British Government drops proposal for Empire Board.

Ontario adds thirteen planes to strengthen forests patrol.

Angora Assembly eliminates religion from Turkey's life.

Winnipeg Ukranian arrested at Toronto on charge of murder.

King George cancels social engagements owing to slight cold.

Theunis may return to power in Belgium; has interview with King.

Ancient Chalice found in New York may bear genuine portrait of Saviour.

President of Honduras on eve of flight; danger to foreigners in capital.

Reeves of Wentworth organize to fight secession of Dundas from county.

Of 12,000 British harvesters, 11,000 remained in Canada; nearly all found work.

Niagara Falls intermediate beat New Hamburg in first of home-and-home games.

Delorme's counsel protests against production in court of murdered man's clothing.

Bootleggers fought prohibition agents in New York with gas and water! Agents get $50,000 liquor.

Claiming prosperity menaced, Brantford Council protests reduction of agricultural implements tariff.

A wild steer escaped from a Brooklyn, N.Y., abattoir and caused quite a commotion before it was killed.

Four students of Queen's University were fined $25 and costs on a charge of assaulting a Kingston reporter.

WEDNESDAY.

Stratford O.H.A. seniors defeat Hamilton, 2 to 1.

Caliph of Turkey goes into exile; sails for Switzerland.

Four Canadian swimming records are broken in Toronto.

Ex-Chicago lawyer on trial for misappropriation at Moscow.

Owen Sound may erect grain elevator by public subscription.

First Soviet ship, flying the Red flag, arrives at Italian port.

Sleeping sickness causing alarm among physicians in London.

British officials in India are sending families home to England.

Concealment by householders of smallpox cases charged at Windsor.

Graphic account of seizure of rum-running ship tabled in House of Commons.

British House of Lords says air defenses must be adequate to nation's needs.

Journals formerly owned by Sir Edward Hulton are again in English market.

Nine tourists were overwhelmed by an avalanche in Switzerland. One was killed.

Liquor may be exported from Windsor only between hours of 9 a.m. and 6 p.m.

Over million dollars paid by Federal Government last year for farm instruction.

Canadian Olympic hockeyists, world champions, return home; given warm reception.

Ontario Agricultural College plans to introduce new oat, said to be better than O.A.C. 72.

Speaker of House rules that Progressives can only be considered a minority opposition in Ontario Legislature.

THURSDAY.

Spain enters many Olympic events.

Military control by allies ends in Germany.

C.N.R. official reports bright outlook for 1924.

Western powers may vie in giving Caliph to Islam.

Amnesty granted to all U. S. deserters during war.

Smallpox cases discovered in Brockville cause alarm.

Singapore base issue still unsettled by British Government.

Packing house in Omaha, Neb., will kill cattle by electricity.

St. Patrick's lose final game, of season to Ottawa, 8 to 4.

A vicious horse snapped the nose off a man in Saskatoon.

Omens are unpropitious for Attorney-General Daugherty.

Coolidge opposes immediate independence of Philippine Islands.

Telephone strike ends in Meaford when half staff goes back to work.

Radmore sisters are allowed liberty on suspended sentence and will return to farm.

New British Ambassador to United States bears message from King to President Coolidge.

Embargo against United States live stock absolutely necessary, says head of Shorthorn breeders.

Costa Rica experienced 411 earth shocks in 12 hours; damage estimated at $15,000,000.

Convention of Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy attended by two hundred members.

H. Brimmell, Lindsay, elected president of Ontario Retail Clothiers' and Men's Furnishing Association.

July 21 is the date fixed for the liquor plebiscite in Saskatchewan. It will be a straight "yes" or "no."

Trooper Bowen, who was whipped by comrades at Toronto, is now a deserter and is wanted on a charge of stealing money from a comrade who befriended him.

FRIDAY.

Hamilton seeks power to bonus Alberta coal.

Springfield, Mass., gymnasts will visit Toronto.

British army estimates are reduced by £7,000,000.

Nova Scotia miners vote down wage agreement.

Premier MacDonald, in adddress to Free Church Council, says world is too material.

Two deaths from smallpox at Windsor, but border epidemic said to be under control.

Miss Annie Goodrich, dean of nurses at Yale University, addresses Toronto graduate nurses' banquet.

Continuous export of good cattle to Great Britain would lower shipping costs, claims Montreal authority.

Twenty-eight vessels in Rum Row, off United States coast, has over eleven million dollars worth of liquor aboard.

Notable discovery by London, Ont., physician will revolutionize certain branches of X-ray work in diagnozing disease.

Hon. Peter Smith replies to charges of Hon. W. H. Price, K.C., declaring he welcomes probe into bond transactions.

SATURDAY.

British Government will increase air force.

Man in New York jumps off 15-storey building.

British mine owners and workers debate wage issue.

Reeve resigns office following tragedy in gravel pit.

P. J. ("Pat") Moran, former Cincinnati manager, dead.

Woman who shoots intruder to her home is freed by jury.

Central Y.M.C.A. of Toronto wins Ontario volleyball title.

An earthquake shock was felt in some parts of England.

Sixteen-year-old Belleville bridegroom dies mysteriously.

Live stock men heard in protest against higher express rates.

Italy diverts steamship service from United States to Canada.

Hamilton and Kitchener juniors tie in first game of series, 3—3.

J. Proulx, Cornwall, was instantly killed by a board flung from a saw.

George Mills, Toronto, veteran railway engineer, dies in eighty-ninth year.

Canadian national telegraphs reduces cable rates in Western Provinces.

United States increases duty on importation of wheat under flexible tariff law.

Many rulers enter race for Caliphate of Moslems abolished in Turkey.

Owen Sound juniors enter O.H.A. final by beating Circle Six of Kingston, 11—0.

Oshawa became a city to-day. The baby city celebrated the occasion right royally.

Niagara Falls O.H.A. intermediates win first of home-and-home games from Peterboro', 3—1.

A company is being formed in Johannesburg to acquire 50,000 acres in connection with a cotton-growing scheme.

Liberal Leades, W. E. N. Sinclair, makes keen criticism of Ferguson Government and U.F.O. extravagance at Weston meeting.

Hon. Chas. McCrae, Minister of Mines, to visit Old Country and seek investment of British capital in Northern Ontario development.

MONDAY.

Shah of Persia said to be exiled.

Customs and excise show large increase.

French franc quoted in New York at 3.77¼.

Sterling in Toronto, $4.41½; New York, $4.25¾.

Appeal allowed by Privy Council in Home Bank case.

Sixty thousand longshoremen may strike in New York.

Ireland defeats Wales in International Rugby match.

Strike of Austrian bank clerks settled by a compromise.

Aston Villa in English Cup semifinals for eleventh time.

Moslems in India resent banishment of Turkish caliph.

Conservative plans will prolong debate on address at Ottawa.

Winston Churchill issues election address attacking Socialists.

North Bay child pulled from under wheels of delivery rig by dog.

Tommy Walker of Toronto wins U. S. national junior pentathlon.

British Budget likely to show surplus owing to cut in expenditure.

Canadiens beat Ottawa, 1—0, in first of National League play-offs.

Patrick J. Woods, pioneer of old Brockton district, dies at Mimico.

R.M.C. Comandment finds Cadet Arnold justified in leaving institution.

French Government is putting up big fight to save franc from further fail.

Tremendous increase in life insurance issued in Canada during past year.

Kitchener City Council sends resolution to Ottawa protesting proposed cuts in tariff.

Officers' dwellings, in Old St. Andrew's Barracks, Toronto, totally destroyed by fire.

Thomas Southworth, formerly Director of Colonization and Forestry for Ontario, dies at Ottawa.

Settlers of Peace River district grimly hanging on, but will not survive another year of hope deferred.

Archbishop Theophile, Metropolite of the Russian Orthodox Church in Chicago and the Western States, yesterday dedicated the first Russian Orthodox Church to be opened in Toronto since the Revolution. It is situated on Clarence Square, off Spadina avenue, below King street.

Several weeks ago the forces of civic righteousness in Jersey City, N.J., pleaded for the operation of the Sunday closing laws in respect to moving pictures and other shows. The police yesterday took the names of 14,000 people who had violated blue laws — men sweeping sidewalks, building fires in churches, operating movie shows, etc., will appear before the grand jury.

MUSIC TEACHER SLAIN

Murderer Gave Himself Up and Made Confession.

McClure Had Taught Steadman's Children—Jealousy Is Said to Be the Cause of Shooting at Toronto —Gossip Had Linked Woman's Name With Dead Man.

TORONTO, Mar. 10. — Shot through the lungs immediately after he had alighted from a street car at Sheldrake Boulevard and Yonge street, on Saturday afternoon, Herbert McClure, aged 47, a music teacher, living with his aged mother at 29 Sheldrake Boulevard, died almost instantly. William Steadman, aged 40, Dupont street, was taken into custody a short time after the shooting on a charge of murder by P. C. Pratt, of North Toronto Station. Steadman was taken to the police station, where he admitted having killed McClure with the .45-calibre automatic found on him. Steadman declared later that jealousy prompted his act.

McClure had at one time taught music to Steadman's two children, Doris and Gordon, and during that time had become friendly with the family. These frequent visits to the Steadman home created gossip which aroused Steadman's jealousy and led to the murder.

Steadman told the police that he had waited for McClure for over an hour at Sheldrake Boulevard and Yonge street. As McClure stepped from the car, Steadman accosted him. But McClure brushed him aside, and refused to talk. In sudden passion, as McClure turned to go along Sheldrake Boulevard, Steadman drew the automatic from his pocket, levelled it at McClure and fired. McClure dropped to the sidewalk, dead. Unable to control himself, Steadman pressed the trigger of the weapon again, but the cartridge jammed. Then, while the horrified witnesses of the tragedy gazed fascinated at the body of the music teacher, Steadman walked coolly north on Yonge street.

Two motorists, who had witnessed the murder, hurried to where P. C. Pratt was on duty, and told him what had happened. But in their excitement they gave the constable a description of the murdered man instead of the description of Steadman, with the result that it was not until Steadman, who had halted about two hundred yards north of Sheldrake Boulevard, stepped up to him, and said, coolly:

"I think I'm the man you are looking for, constable. I did it."

Pratt escorted his prisoner to North Toronto Police Station, where the charge of murder was preferred against him. The revolver had been loaned to him by a friend, he stated, but the name of the giver the police would not reveal.

"Perhaps I shouldn't have killed him," Steadman observed. "I promised not to use the gun unless I caught McClure red-handed. However, the thing is done, and can't be helped."

Steadman, who is a short, stockily built man, submitted to arrest and inquiries without any trouble. He made no excuses for his act, no excuses for himself. Steadman is a roofer by trade. McClure was a single man.

Mrs. Steadman said that she and her husband had been introduced to McClure about five years ago. He had taught her children for three years. About three years ago, she said, her husband became unreasonably jealous of her acquaintance with McClure. Gossip also had linked together her name and McClure's with evil intent. Many times, she claimed, her husband had struck her in his rage.

Control of London Newspapers.

LONDON, Mar. 10.—According to the News of the World, the capital of the new company being formed by Sir William Berry to purchase from the Daily Mail Trust some of the papers the trust acquired from Sir Edward Hulton will be £8,000,000 made up of £4,750,000 of 8 per cent. preference shares, £1,500,000 debentures and £1,750,000 of common shares.

The Daily Mail Trust will retain the Glasgow newspapers which were acquired by the Hulton concern for £1,000,000, also the Daily Sketch, the Sunday Herald and a 49 per cent. share of the Evening Standard.

Clips Item About Self.

"He is a very big man, fifty-two years of age, with a red beard. He has two wives, one of them a beautiful girl of fourteen."

This is Mrs. Rosita Forbes' description of Raisuli, the noted brigand-chief of Morocco, whose mountain retreat she visited recently, being the first white woman to do so.

One of the surprises that awaited Mrs. Forbes, whose exploits have so often attracted attention, was that Raisuli keeps a file of cuttings taken from London newspapers and periodicals containing references to himself.

A silkworm in its brief lifetime spins about 4,000 yards of thread.

Industrial Disputes.

Time loss due to industrial disputes was greater during October than during September by the Desouth coast, at the "second corner" there were in existence at some time or other fourteen disputes, involving 2,497 employes, and a time loss of 55,994 working days, as compared with 17 strikes in September, involving 1,844 employes, and causing 35,237 days' loss. At the end of October this year there were 13 disputes unsettled, with 2,467 employes involved.

Musketeers of Maison Rouge.

A musketeer is a soldier armed with a musket, an infantryman of earlier times, but the word is specifically applied to a company of gentlemen who were a mounted guard in the service of kings of France from 1661 down to the time of the Revolution. They were clad in scarlet, hence their quarters were called the "Maison Rouge." In peace they followed the king on his hunting expeditions to protect him. In war they fought either on foot or on horseback. They were dandy soldiers, who went to war with curled hair, white gloves, "and perfumed like milliners." They were suppressed in 1791; restored in 1814, but only for a few months.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

Magic Baking Powder has been known and used all over Canada for more than 25 years. It has set and maintained the standard for goods of its class. Its use is increasing daily because of its strength, purity and universal satisfaction.

Pure food insures good health

Magic Baking Powder insures pure food.

CANADIAN MADE

E.W.GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, CANADA.
WINNIPEG MONTREAL

GIRL FROZEN FAST IN PIPE.

Had Been Missing From Uncle's Home for Four Days.

TORONTO, Mar. 10. — Found frozen in a discarded corrugated iron drain pipe in the bed of a dump behind the Canada Bread Company factory, Danforth avenue, and taken to the General Hospital in an unconscious condition, Miss Gladys O'Connor, aged 22, Rebecca street, Hamilton, but for the past few weeks staying with her uncle, Dr. Michael J. Brown, Carlaw avenue, was reported to have become semi-conscious by the hospital authorities last night. She is suffering from exposure, and her condition is regarded as critical.

According to Dr. Brown, Miss O'Connor had not been well for some time, and for that reason had been compelled to leave her position at the Hamilton Registry Office. Her father is dead, and her mother is an inmate in an Ontario mental institution. This illness of her mother's had preyed on the girl's mind. Last Tuesday afternoon Miss O'Connor left her uncle's home and was not seen again until found wedged in the pipe. At the time of her disappearance Dr. Brown, reported the occurrence to the police, and a vain hunt for the missing girl was made.

On Saturday noon William Smith, 45 Parkmount road, and Edward Gibson, 27 Mount Noel avenue, happened to be playing in the dump at the rear of the Canada Bread Company's building when they were attracted by the peculiar actions of a dog. The animal was barking and sniffing around the iron culvert, a portion of which had been broken away from the main line of piping. Their curiosity aroused, the boys made their investigations, and when they came nearer they heard the sound of moaning. The boys had to crawl in and released the girl's clothing before she could be pulled out of the pipe.

U.S. WILL BUY WHEAT.

Commissioners Claim Duty Increase Will Make Little Difference.

FORT WILLIAM, Mar. 10.—In the opinion of officials of the Grain Commission an increase of 12 cents per bushel in the duty on wheat imported into the United States will make little difference to the Canadian wheat grower, since apparently the United States millers will have Canadian wheat to blend with their own, no matter what the cost. The only difference that it will make will be in the cost of the wheat to the United States importer.

This was the opinion expressed by members of the Board of Grain Commissioners following receipt of the news from Washington that President Coolidge had ordered an increase of 12 cents a bushel in the tariff rate on wheat. The amount shipped into the state by way of Duluth during the period of navigation last year was 1,774,000 bushels, on which the United States importer paid $532,200 in duty. Twelve cents more will add $212,880 to his costs, bringing them up for this quantity of grain to $745,080. It may be taken for granted, they stated, that all wheat sent across from Fort William to Duluth was intended for use in American mills in Minneapolis and elsewhere in the Northwestern States.

Senate Would Reform Commons.

OTTAWA, Mar. 10.—The Senate has turned at last and proposes to reform the House of Commons. Senator Dandurand Friday proposed they suggest to the Commons to reduce wordage and do some work. Sir James Lougheed agreed to House of Commons reform, as some might object to its total abolition. After the Senate recess they will send a memorandum to the Commons, making suggestions how that body can expedite business.

New Steamship Service.

GENOA, Italy, Mar. 10.—The Navigazione Generale Friday inaugurated a new steamship service between Italy and Canada with the departure of the steamer America. Other ships are to be diverted to the new line from the New York service. The first of these will be the Dante Alighieri, leaving here March 29. The diversion of the ships is said to be due to restriction of the American Government on immigration.

Boy wounded at target practice in Hamilton school.

A wireless telephone has been presented to the pope.

Rum-running treaty to be submitted to House of Commons.

Cleveland, O., people go thirsty owing to pollution of lake supply.

Brantford Trades and Labor Council Protest

UTAH MINE EXPLOSION

One Hundred and Seventy-five Men Are Entombed.

Owing to Obstructions It Is Impossible to Reach Victims—Recuers Overcome by the Smoke and Gas Which Fills Mine—All Are Probably Dead.

CASTLE GATE, Utah, Mar. 10.—One hundred and seventy-five men employed in the day shift of the Utah Fuel Company Mine No. 2 were entombed by an explosion at 9 o'clock Saturday.

Rescue parties entering the man-way at the rear of the mine have been able to penetrate but a quarter of a mile. Approximately twenty bodies are on one of the slopes in the Utah Fuel Company Mine, but it is impossible to reach them because of obstructions, according to two men who came out of the workings at 6 o'clock. The man-way was badly damaged and littered with debris.

Company officials have been unable to determine the nature of the explosion, although it is thought to have resulted from an accumulation of dust.

Three distinct explosions are reported. Fire equipment from the other camps of the Utah Fuel Company was rushed to Castle Gate.

Mine inspectors on February 13 declared the ventilation and the sprinkling operation were in good shape.

The explosion was followed by several smaller blasts, according to company officials. The force of the first explosion was so great that the entrance to the property was blocked.

The mine entrance is on the level and the mine runs back approximately a mile and a half, the working shafts following the dirft of the coal vein. Because of the obstructed entrance rescue workers have been unable to determine even approximately where the first blast occurred.

The explosion is the first that has occurred there. In 1920, 200 men lost their lives in an explosion and subsequent fire in the Winter Quarters Mine of the Utah Fuel Company at Scofield, Utah, near here.

Castle Gate is a mining community of approximately 1,700 persons, 116 miles southeast of Salt Lake City.

AIR FORCES AUGMENTED.

Estimates for Year Show Gross Increase of £727,000 Sterling.

LONDON, Mar. 10.—The estimate for the British air service for 1924-25 show a gross increase of £727,000 sterling and a net increase of £2,500,000 sterling over those of 1923-24. The 1924-25 estimates amount to £19,329,000 sterling, gross, and £14,511,000 sterling net.

The estimates are given in the report issued by the Air Minister. He attributes the increase to the progress of approved expansion of the air force for home defence, increased requirements of navy and army cooperation and replenishment of the stocks of technical equipment, which was a war legacy. Provisions for war liabilities is placed in the estimates at £185,000, as compared with £525,000 for the current year. The increase in the estimates for other services, consequently, is £1,127,000 gross and £2,840,000 net, the difference being due to the decrease in the air force and auxiliary services at Irak and Palestine of more than £1,300,000. The strength of the officers and men will be increased by 2,000, making a total of 35,000.

Eight new regular squadrons for home defence will be formed during 1924-25, bringing the number allotted for that purpose to 18 by 1924.

Provision is also made for initial equipment for six more squadrons to be formed in 1925-26.

One Killed and One Injured.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Ont., Mar. 10.— An accident, resulting in the death of James Miller of Bruce Mines and serious injury to Charles Wing of Rock Lake, occurred at Wing's Bridge on the Thessalon river in Aberdeen Township. While directing the raising of the bridge from a position on the ice directly beneath it, the centre span collapsed, falling upon Miller, who received injuries that resulted in his death within a few minutes.

Wing's right arm was crushed so as to necessitate amputation above the elbow.

Oil Found in Holland.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 10.—Interest is shown in official quarters in the report from The Hague that Dutch geologists and engineers have found oil in the Winterswyke district of Holland.

In view of the fact that Dutch oil interests have holdings in many important petroleum districts, including California, and have virtually belted the globe in their search for oil, the possibility that considerable deposits may underlie a part of Holland is interesting officials here.

Fog Hurt London Infants.

LONDON, Mar. 10.—Some of the London fogs this winter were real varieties of mustard gas, according to Dr. Edwin L. Ash, specialist in nervous diseases. They contained all its acids and irritating ingredients and seriously affected the delicate membranes of the throat and respiratory [illegible], he says. Many children contracted actual "fog poisoning."

Two More Deaths.

WINDSOR, Ont., Mar. 10.—Two more deaths from smallpox were reported Sunday, the victims being Mrs. Thomas Brown, 46, of Maidstone, and Mrs. Edward Deslippe, 26, of Maiden Township. Both died at their homes. This brings the total number of deaths from the disease on the border to 25.

Plans Big Loan to Poland.

ROME, Mar. 10.—A loan of 400,000,000 lire to the Polish Government is being negotiated by the Banca Commerciale Italiana, the correspondent learns. The Italian Government has approved the bank's scheme that Poland's entire tobacco trade will pass into Italian control. The bank will start the loan at 89, paying interest at 7 per cent.

Italy's King Recovers.

ROME, Mar. 10.—King Victor Emmanuel, who recently suffered an attack of influenza, is entirely well again.

Delicate Flavor
A Treat with Butter or Jam
McCORMICK'S JERSEY CREAM SODAS
McCORMICK'S BISCUITS
MORE WHOLESOME THAN BREAD
67

McCORMICK'S JERSEY CREAM SODA BISCUITS

ARREST OF IRISH OFFICERS.

Major-General Tobin and Col. Charles Dalton Wanted.

DUBLIN, Mar. 10.—Excitement is growing in Dublin in connection with the mutiny in the ranks of the Nationalist army, as disclosed in an official communication issued Saturday night, saying that orders for the arrest of Major-Gen. Liam Tobin and Col. Charles Dalton had been issued. Minister of Defence Mulcahy last night issued the following order to the army:—

"Two army officers have attempted to involve the army in a challenge to the authority of the Government. This is an outrageous departure from the spirit of the army which will not be tolerated by the officers and men of the army who cherish its honor.

"They will stand over their posts and do their duty to-day, in this new threat of danger, in the same watchful and determined spirit that always has been the spirit of the army."

Major-Gen. Tobin, who has evaded arrest, managed to see representatives of the press on Saturday to whom he declared he spoke for and acted on behalf of old comrades in in the Anglo-Irish War. He confessed the mutiny was a consequence of the compulsory demobilization of more than 900 officers last week. Tobin himself was among those demobilized. He complained that there were too many officers who participated in the Anglo-Irish struggle included in the list.

Gen. Tobin was one of the lieutenants of the late Michael Collins.

In addition to the trouble at Templemore, where the commandant and other officers vacated the barracks and retired to the hills with machine guns, rifles and ammunition, there are reports of difficulities with the demobilized officers at Gormanstown, Claremorris and other places.

ESKIMOS ON SCAFFOLD.

Charge Constables With Being Enemies of Their Race.

FAIRBANKS, Alaska, Mar. 10.—Declaring on the scaffold that the police had long been enemies of their people, two Eskimos, Alik Omnsk and "Esquimo" Tetamangma, met death without fear at Herschel Island, on Feb. 1, according to advices received here. They were convicted several months ago of the murder of Corporal Doak of the R.C.M.P., and Otto Binder, a white fur trader of Coronation Gulf.

Sergt. Thorne of the R.C.M.P. arrived yesterday at Fort Yuko, 150 miles north of here, and reported that he had executed the two men. Thorne's assistants in the execution remained at Herschel Island to go out by way of the Mackenzie river, after navigation opens. Sergt. Thorne stated that the two Eskimos had remained in good spirits until the hour of their death.

Trenton Girl Is Killed.

TRENTON, Ont., Mar. 10.—Lena May Cook, 12-year-old daughter of John Cook, Trenton, was instantly killed Saturday while helping her father to cut down a tree. The tree had been notched, but in sawing was cut a little to one side and began to swing out of the direction in which it was expected to fall. The father called to his daughter to run, but in her excitement she ran directly beneath the falling tree instead of away from it, and was instantly killed.

Meets Instant Death.

RENFREW, Ont., Mar. 10.—Mrs. John Whyte, widow of the late John Fowlie Whyte, of Wahpeton, N.D., fell Saturday from the balcony of her house here, while beating carpets, her head striking the granolithic sidewalk, causing almost instant death. She leaves one daughter. Her husband was drowned upon a fishing excursion last June near Calabogie Lake and before coming to Canada his first wife was instantly killed by the kick of a cow which she was milking.

Share Same Train.

LONDON, Mar. 10.—The Duke of York, Premier Ramsay MacDonald and J. H. Thomas, Secretary for the Colonies, shared a saloon in a train from Paddington Station to Cardiff Saturday, to attend the football match between teams representing Ireland and Wales. All three wore buttonholes of daffodils, presented to them by a Welsh lady dressed in Welsh national costume.

Victoria Hall Burned.

MONTREAL, Mar. 10.—Victoria Hall, Westmount, the home of several Masonic lodges, a kindergarten school, several piano schools, and of the Westmount Amateur Athletic Association and all its affiliated clubs, was destroyed by fire thought to have been caused by a defective electric wire on Saturday afternoon. The building when erected in 1898 cost about $100,000.

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Flour, Feed, Shorts, and Whole Grains.

All kinds of Field Seeds at lowest prices.

FRED. A. PERRY,
Dundas Street,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO.
Opposite Campbell House.

CZECHS COMING BACK.

Music and Dancing Will Resume Their Sway.

Music and dancing will resume their sway stronger than ever in old Prague with the new alliance between France and Bohemia, or Czechoslovakia, as it is now called. The country, which from centuries of strife and repression, has subdued its natural gaiety, will emerge with new hope, though other nations may see danger in the Poincare aggressiveness. There will be hope for a renewal of former greatness, as before the Thirty Years' War had reduced the population from four millions to less than seven hundred thousand. Here there has been the same conflict that Western Europe has seen, between native peoples and the aggressive Germans. For four centuries the history of Bohemia has been largely merged with Austria, but defeat of the Central Powers in the great war brought freedom to the Czechs, and now they take first opportunity to ally themselves with the hereditary enemy of Germany in Western Europe.

Back in the earliest days of Bohemia they had several kings named Wenceslaus, one of them, no doubt, the "Good King Wenceslaus" so often remembered in the popular Christmas carol. Shakespeare in his "Winter Tale" touches on the little inland people, saying: "Our ship hath touched upon the deserts of Bohemia." Longfellow pictured prettily the past of Prague, the capital city, in these lines from "Beleaguered City":

"Beside the Moldau's rushing stream,
With the wan moon overhead,
There stood, as in an awful dream,
The Army of the Dead."

The army of the dead belong to the centuries of strife, religious and political, in Central Europe, for, in addition to wars for territory, Bohemia was involved in many conflicts between Protestantism and Catholicism. The old Gothic church in Prague was the scene of many sermons by John Huss. The Cathedral of St. Vitus (how restless it sounds!) raises its great bulk on the hillside, seemingly a man-made mount. The capital city retains much of its mediaeval splendor, though many of its princely houses had been abandoned by wealthy joy-seekers for the more lively court life of Vienna until the war brought disaster to the Austrian capital.

The Moldau rushes through Prague, its pleasant blue current passes under beautifully arched bridges, the old grey-turreted buildings pile upon the wooded hillsides. The joyous Czechs, proud of their past, with the music of their own beloved Smetana and Dvorak, dance away in an abandon unknown to the Anglo-Saxon, and the city pulsates under the affection for it of the Bohemian, so happily described by Arthur Symons:

"He sees it, as a man sees the woman he loves, with her first beauty; and he loves it as a man loves a woman, more for what she has suffered."

Settlers' Campanile.

Prince Arthur of Connaught, retiring Governor-General of the Union of South Africa, in the course of his farewell tour, opened the "settlers' campanile," a lofty tower of dignified proportion erected in Port Elizabeth at the approximate spot where the first British settlers landed from surf boats in 1820 after the final cession of the Cape to Great Britain. The retiring Governor-General congratulated the city on the erection of a memorial worthy of the great traditions it commemorates.

Blaud's Improved Iron Pills, 2 oz. box for 25c. Splendid for the blood and nerves. For sale at WALLACE'S.

Roland Yorke

By MRS. HENRY WOOD

AUTHOR OF

"East Lynne," "Verner's Pride," "The Channings," "Lord Oakburn's Daughters" Etc.

He drew her to him as she passed on her way to quit the room, and kissed her fondly. Ellen let her hand rest for a moment on his neck; she never looked at him now, but a feeling of apprehension darted through her, that he was not as strong as he ought to be. Hamish closed the door after her, finished his toilet, and then stood looking from the open window. The world had changed to him for some little time now; the sunshine had gone out of it. That one bitter, cruel review had been followed up by the others more cruel, if possible, more bitter. The leading papers were all against him. How he battled with it at the time, and made no sign, he hardly knew. To heart and spirit it was a death-blow; for both seemed alike to have had their very life crushed out. Save that his sunny smile had always a tinge of sadness in it, that he seemed to get a trifle thinner, that his voice, though sweet as ever, was low and subdued, the world noticed nothing. Ellen alone saw it; saw that a blight had

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fallen upon the inward spirit. But she little guessed to what extent. Hamish himself did not. He worked on still. His papers for the magazines were got up as before, for he could not afford to let them cease. Gerald Yorke, borrowing here, borrowing there, might go careering off in yachts, and pass weeks in idleness, sending work and care to his friend the Deuce; but Hamish and Gerald were essentially different men. Even this evening, after Hamish should have dined, he must get to his toilsome work. It was felt as a toil now, the weary pain, never quitting his bosom, took all energy from him.

As he took his hand from the window curtain, with that deep, sobbing sigh, or rather involuntary catching of the breath, which is a sure token of some long-concealed enduring sorrow—for else it is never heard—the signet ring fell from his little finger. It had grown too large for him—as we are all apt to say. If I don't take care, I shall lose it, thought Hamish. And that would have been regarded as a misfortune, for it had been his father's, the one Mr. Channing always wore and used. This was the third time it had slipped off with a run. Hamish saw his wife's work-box on a table, looked in it, and found some black sewing-silk. This he wound round and round the ring, hastily, for he knew dinner must be ready. Thus secured, he put it on again, and left the room. The children heard his step, and came bounding out of the nursery, Miss Nelly springing into his arms. He kissed her very tenderly; he lovingly put back her golden hair. He took up the other little things and kissed them in turn, asking if they had love-letters from papa. And then, leaving them with his pleasant nod, his sunny smile, he went to the drawing-room, and gave their mother his arm to take her down to dinner, whispering to her that he would make it all right for her until her husband came home. And it was that husband, that father, who had worked him all the ill!

And so September went on, and October drew near, and by-and-by Mr. Gerald Yorke arrived at home again. Winny, who had no more tact than her youngest infant, the little Rosy, greeted her husband with a flood of tears, and the news of how she had been obliged to pay away the twenty-five pounds in settling his bills. Gerald called her a fool to her face, and frowned awfully. Winny only sobbed. Next he demanded, with a few more ugly words that might have been well left out, how the devil she had managed to go on. Between choking and shrinking, the answer was nearly inaudible, and Gerald bent his head to catch it; she had had a little more help from "mamma." Was Mrs. Gerald Yorke's deceit excusable? Even under the circumstances few may think it so. And yet it was a choice between this help, and the very worst discomfort that could fall upon her—debt. Winny was shrewd in some things; she knew all about the reviews, and she really did believe that if Gerald got to hear whence her help had come, he would shake her as he shook Kitty! In her utter lack of moral courage, she could but keep up the deception. But Gerald Yorke had come home in feather, a prize-rose in his button-hole. By dint of plausible statements to Mr. Fuller, he had got that honorable friend to lend him two hundred pounds. Or rather, strictly speaking, to get it lent to him. With this money safely buttoned up in his pocket, Winny's penniless state was not quite so harshly condemned as it might otherwise have been; but when Winny timidly asked for some money to "pay mamma back," Gerald shortly answered that he had none, mamma must wait. And so, at this, the opening of the third part of the story, Gerald Yorke was flourishing. A great man he, in his chambers again, free from duns for a time, giving his wine-parties, entering into the gaities of social life, with all their waste of time and money. Winny got her rent paid now, regularly, and some new bonnets for herself and the children.

"I am so glad to hear you are more at ease, Gerald," Hamish Channing said, meeting him one day accidentally, and speaking with genuine kindness, but never hinting at any debt that might be due to himself. "How have you managed it, old friend?"

"Oh—aw—I—paid the harpies a—aw—trifle, and have—aw—got some credit again," answered Gerald, evading the offered hand. "Good-day. I'm in a hurry."

But Gerald Yorke, though flourishing in funds, was not flourishing in temper. Upon one subject it was chronically bad, and he just as angry and mortified as he could be. And that was in regard to his future prospects in the field of literature. Three or four days after his return, he paid a visit to his publishers, sanguinely hoping there might be a good round sum coming to him, the proceeds of his book. The acting partner met him with a severely cold face and very ill news. The dashing laudatory reviews, written (as may be remembered) by Gerald himself or his bosom friends, had not much served the book after all, in the long run. When they appeared, it caused demands for it to flow in, and a considerable number of copies went out. But when the public got the book, they could not or would not read it; and the savage libraries returned the copies to the publishers, wholly refusing to pay for them. In short, the practical result was, that the book might almost be said to be withdrawn, so few copies remained in circulation. In all respects it was an utter failure. No wonder the unhappy publisher, knowing himself wholly innocent in the matter, smarting under a considerable loss, besides the fifty pounds that ought to have been advanced by Gerald, and never yet had been, no wonder he met Mr. Gerald Yorke with a severe face. The only gratification afforded him lay in telling this, and enlarging rather insultingly on the worthlessness of the book.

"You, a reviewer could not have failed to know it was bad, Mr. Yorke; one that was certain to fail signally."

"No, I didn't," roared Gerald.

"Well, I'd recommend you never to attempt another. That field is closed to you."

"What the devil do you mean?—how dare you presume to give me such advice? I shall write books without end if I think fit. My firm belief is that the failure is your fault. You must have managed badly, and not properly pushed the book."

"Perhaps it is my fault that the public can't read the book and won't put up with it," retorted the publisher.

Gerald flung away in a temper. A hazy doubt, augmenting his mortification and anger, kept making itself heard—whether this opinion of the book's merits might not be the true one? Hamish Channing, though softening the flat, had said just the same.

CHAPTER XXVI.

Arriving at Euston Square.

Roland Yorke had stuck to his copying. During this autumn, now rapidly passing, when all the world and his wife were off on the wing, he had really put his shoulder to the wheel and drudged on at his evening work. The office had him by day, the folios by night. And if he hindered an evening or two a week by dropping in upon Mr. Greatorex and somebody else who was in Mr. Greatorex's house, he sat up at his work when he got home. It could not be said that he was gaining a fortune. The writing came to grief sometimes; Roland was as fond of talking as ever, by way of recreative accompaniment to labor, and the result would be that words were left out in places and wrong ones penned in others; upon which fresh paper had to be got, and the sheet begun again. Therefore he was advancing rather more surely than swiftly; his present earnings amounting in the aggregate to two sovereigns! And these were deposited for safety in Mrs. Jones's hands.

But Roland is not writing this October evening: which, all things considered, was destined to turn out rather a notable one. Upon dashing into his room, a little before six o'clock, Roland found on his tea-table a letter awaiting him that had come by the day-mail from Helstonleigh. Recognizing Arthur's handwriting, he tore it open, read the few lines it contained, and burst forth into a shout so boisterous and prolonged, that the Reverend Mr. Ollivera, quietly reading in the drawing-room above, leaped off his seat with consternation, fully believing that somebody was on fire. Arthur Channing was coming to London! Then. That same evening. Almost at that very hour he ought to be arriving at the Euston Square Station. Neglecting his tea, brushing himself up, startling Mrs. Jones with the suddenness of the tidings, which he burst into her room to deliver, Roland set off for the Euston Square terminus. Charles, the youngest of the Channing family, was coming home overland, via Marseilles, from India, where he had an excellent appointment. He had gone to it at eighteen, two years ago, and been very well until recently. All at once his health failed, and he was ordered home for a six months' sojourn. It was to meet him in London, where he might be expected in a day or two, and take him down to Helstonleigh, that Arthur Channing was now coming. Panting and breathless with haste, looking wild with excitement, Roland went striding on to the platform just as the train came steadily in. It was a mercy he did not get killed. Catching sight of the well-remembered face—though it was aged and altered now, for the former stripling of nineteen had grown into the fine man of seven-and-twenty—Roland sprang forward and held on to the carriage. Porters shouted, guards flew, passengers screamed—it was all one to him. They stood together on the platform, hand locked in hand. Roland's love for his early friend, who had once suffered so much for his sake, was no simulated one. The spectators spared a minute to turn and gaze on them—the two notable young men. Arthur was nearly as tall as Roland, very noble and distinguished. His face had not the singular beauty—as beauty—of Hamish's, but it was good, calm, handsome. His grey eyes were dark and deep, his hair auburn.

"Arthur, old friend, I could die of joy. If you only knew how often I have dreamt of this!"

Arthur laughed, pressing his hand warmly, and more warmly, ere he released it. "I must see after my luggage at once, Roland. I think I have lost it."

"Lost your luggage?"

"Yes; in so far as that it has not come with me. This," showing a rather high basket, whose top was a mound of tissue-paper, that he brought out of the carriage with his umbrella and a small parcel, "is something Lady Augusta asked me to convey to Gerald."

"What is it?"

"Grapes, I fancy. She charged me not to let it be crushed. I sent my portmanteau on to the station by Galloway's man, and when I arrived there myself could not see him anywhere. When we reached Birmingham it was not to be found, and I telegraphed to Helstonleigh. The guard said if it came to Birmingham in time he would put it in the van. I only got back to the station as the train was starting, and had no time to look."

"But what took you round by Birmingham?"

"Business for Galloway! I had three or four hours' work to do for him there."

"Bother Galloway! How are the two mothers?" continued Roland, as they walked arm-in-arm down the platform. "How'se everybody?"

"Yours is very well; mine is not. She has never seemed quite the thing since my father's death, Roland. Everybody else is well; and I have no end of messages for you."

They stood round the luggage-van until it was emptied. Nothing had been turned out belonging to Arthur Channing. It was as he feared—the portmanteau was not there.

"They will be sure to send it on from Birmingham by the next train," he remarked. "I shall get it in the morning."

"Where was the good of your coming by this duffing train?" cried Roland. "It's as slow as an old cart horse. I should have taken the express."

"I could not get away before this one, Roland. Galloway made a point of my doing all there was to do."

"The cantankerous, exacting old beauty! Are his curls flourishing?"

Arthur smiled. "Charming still; but growing a little thin."

"And are you getting on well, Arthur?"

"Very. My salary is handsome; and I believe the business, or part of it, will be mine some day. We had better take a cab, Roland. I'll get rid of Gerald's parcel first. This small one is for Hamish. Stay a moment, though."

He wrote down the name of a private hotel in the Strand, where he intended to stay, requesting that the portmanteau should be sent there on its arrival. Jumping into a hansom, Roland, who had not recovered his head, gave the address of Gerald's chambers. As they were beginning to spin along the lighted streets, however, he impulsively arrested the man, without warning to Arthur, and substituted Mrs. Gerald Yorke's lodgings. They were close at hand; but that was not his motive.

"If we leave the grapes at the chambers, Ger will only entertain his cronies with them—a lot of fast men like himself," explained Roland. "By taking them to Winny's, those poor meek little mites may stand a chance of getting a few. I don't believe they'd ever taste anything good at all but for Mrs. Channing."

Arthur Channing did not understand. Roland enlightened him. Gerald kept up, as might be said, two establishments; chambers for himself and lodgings for his wife.

"But that must be expensive," observed Arthur.

"Of course it is. Ger goes in for expense and fashion. All well and good if he can do it—and keep it up. I think he has had a windfall from some quarter, for he is launching out uncommonly just now. It can't be from work; he has been taking his ease all the autumn in Tom Fuller's yacht."

"I don't quite understand yet, Roland. Do you mean that Gerald does not live with his wife and children?"

"He lives with them after a fashion: gives them one third of his days and nights, and gives his chambers the other two. You'd hardly recognize him now, Arthur, he is so grand and stilted up. He'd not nod to me in the street."

"Roland!"

"It's true. He's as heartless as an owl; Ger always was, you know."

"But you are his brother."

"Brothers and sisters don't count for much with Gerald. Besides, I'm down in the world, and he'd not take a pitchfork to lift me up in it again. Would you believe it, Arthur, he likes nothing better than to fling in my teeth that miserable old affair at Galloways'—the bank-note. The very last time we ever met—I had run into Winny's lodgings to take some dolls'-clothes for Kitty from little Nelly Channing—Ger taunted me with that back affair, and more than hinted, not for the first time, that I'd never have gone; Miss Nelly might have done her errand herself. Have you read his book?"

"Ye-es, I have," answered Arthur, in a rather dubious tone. "Have you?"

"No; for I couldn't," candidly avowed Roland. "I got nearly through one volume, and it was a task. It was impossible to make head or tail of it. I know I'm different from other folks, have not half the gumption in me I ought to have; but I thought the book a rubbishing book, Arthur, and a bad one into the bargain."

"Did you read the reviews on it?"

"Oh law! I've heard enough about them. Had they been peacock's feather's, Ger would have stuck them in his cap. And he pretty nigh did. I'll tell you what book I read—and cried over it too—and got up from it feeling better and happier—and that's Hamish's."

A light shone in Arthur Channing's honest gray eyes. "When I read that book, I felt thankful that a man should have been found to write such," he said in a hushed tone. "I should have felt just the same if he had been a stranger."

"Ay, indeed; it was something of that I meant to say. And I wish all the world could read it!" added impulsive Roland.

"And did you read the reviews on it?"

"Oh my goodness," cried Roland, a blank look taking the place of his enthusiasm. "Arthur, do you know, if those horrible reviews come across my mind when I am up at Hamish's, my face goes hot with shame. I've never said a syllable to him about them on my own score; I shouldn't like to.

"We cannot understand it down with us," said Arthur. "On the Saturday night that William Yorke got back to Helstonleigh after attending your uncle's funeral, I met him at the station. He had the Snarler with him—and told me, before he'd let me open it, that it contained a most disgraceful attack on Hamish's book; in fact, on Hamish himself. Putting aside all other feeling when I read it, my astonishment was excessive. That review was followed by others, all in the same strain, just as bad as it is possible for reviews to be made. What struck me as being rather singular in the matter was this: That the self-same journals which so very extravagantly and wrongly praised Gerald's' work, just as extravagantly and wrongly abused Hamish's. It would seem to me that there must have been some plot afoot, to write up Gerald and write down Hamish. But how the public can submit to be misled by reviewers in this manner, and not rise against it, I cannot understand."

"If those were not the exact words old Greatorex!" [illegible] Roland. "He read both the books and all the reviews. It was a sin and a shame, and a puzzle, he said; a humbug altogether, and he should just like, for the satisfaction of his curiosity, to be behind the scenes in the performance. But what else do you think he said, Arthur?"

"I don't know."

"That the reviews and the books would find their level in the end. It was impossible, he declared, that Gerald's book could live; all the fulsome praises in Christendom could not make it; just as it was impossible for such a work as the other to be written out; it would be sure to find its way with the public eventually. Annabel told me that; and I went off the same evening to Hamish's and told him. He and old Greatorex are first-rate friends."

"What did Hamish say?"

"Oh, nothing. He just smiled in his sad way, and said, "Yes, perhaps it might be," as if the words made no impression upon him."

"Why do you say 'his sad way?' Hamish always had the sweetest and gayest smile in the world. We used, if you remember, to call him Sunny Hamish."

"I know. But somehow he has altered, Arthur. He was changing a little before, seemed thoughtful and considerate instead of gay and mocking; but that was nothing to the way he had changed lately. I'd not say it to any soul but you, old Arthur, not even to Annabel, but my belief is just this—that the reviews have done it."

"The reviews!"

Roland nodded. "Taken the shine out of him for a time. Oh, he'll come to again soon; never fear. All the sooner if I could find out who the snake was, and kick him."

"We cannot judge for others; we cannot put ourselves in their places," observed Arthur. "Or else it seems to me that, after producing such a book as Hamish's, I should rest on its obvious merits, and be little moved by what adverse friends could say."

"I'm sure they'd not move me," avowed candid Roland. "I say, how about poor Charley? He has been ill."

"Very ill. They have kindly given him six months' leave, and pay his overland passage out and home."

"And how much leave have you got for London, Arthur?"

"That depends on Charley. If he comes straight on from Marseilles, he may be here in a day or two; but should his health have improved on the voyage, he will probably make a stay in Paris. I am to wait for him here until he comes, Galloway says."

"Very condescending of Galloway! I dare say he has given you plenty of business to do as well, Arthur."

"That's true," laughed Arthur. "I shall be engaged for him all day to-morrow; I have some small accounts to settle for him amidst other things."

"Where's the money?" asked Roland, in a resentful tone.

Arthur touched the breast-pocket of his under-coat. "I have brought it with me."

"Then I devoutly hope you'll get robbed of it to-night, Arthur, to serve him out! It is a shame! Taking up the poor bit of time you've got in London with his work! That's Galloway all over! I meant to get a holiday myself, that we might go about together."

"Plenty of time for that, Roland."

"I hope so. I've got something to tell you. It's about Annabel. But we are close at Mrs. Yorke's, so I'll not go into the thing now. Oh! and, Arthur, old chum I'm so vexed, so ashamed, I don't know how to look you in the face."

"Why not?"

"I've no money about me to pay the cab. 'Twill be a shilling. It's awfully lowering, having to meet friends upon empty pockets. I'd like to have met you with a carriage and four, and outsiders; I'd like to have a good house to bring you into, Arthur, and I've got nothing."

Arthur's good earnest eyes fixed themselves on him with all their steady affection. "You have yourself, Roland, dear old friend. You know that's all I care for. As to funds, I am rich enough to pay for you and myself, though I stayed here for a month."

"It's uncommonly mortifying, nevertheless, Arthur.

The cab stopped at Mrs. Gerald Yorke's door, and Roland dashed up with the prize. Mrs. Yorke sat with the youngest child on her lap, the other two little ones being on the carpet. Roland could hardly see them in the dusk of the room.

"It's grapes," said he, "from Lady Augusta. Arthur Channing says she sent them for Gerald. If I were you Mrs. Yorke, I should feed the three chickens on them, and just tell Gerald I had done it. Hallo! what's the matter now?"

For Mrs. Yorke broke out into sobs. "It was so lonely," she said, by way of excuse. "Gerald was away nearly always. To-night he had a dinner and wine party in his chambers."

"Then I'm downright glad I didn't deposit the grapes there," was Roland's comment. "As to Gerald's leaving you always alone, Mrs. Yorke, I should just ask him whether he called that manners. I don't. Good gracious me! If I were rich enough to have a wife, and played the truant from her, I should deserve hanging. Freddy, Kitty, Rosy, you little pussy cats, tell mamma to give you some grapes."

"I'm sure I'd not dare to touch the basket, though the grapes stayed tied up in it till they were rotten," was the last sobbing sound that caught Roland's ears from Mrs. Yorke as he leaped downstairs.

Their appearance at Hamish's was unexpected—for Arthur had advertised himself to Roland only—but not the less welcome. Of course, Hamish and his wife thought Arthur had to come to be their guest, and were half inclined to resent it when he said no. It had been arranged that he should take up his sojourn at a private hotel in Norfolk Street, where he had stayed before; his room had been engaged in it some days past, and Charles would drive to it on his arrival in London. All this was explained at once. And in the his pleasure brought, Hamish Channing seemed quite like his own gay self again; his cheeks bright, his voice glad, his whole manner charming. But later, when the excitement had worn itself away, and he calmed down to sobriety and ordinary looks, Arthur sat half pertified at the change he saw. As if the recent emotion were taking its revenge, the change in Hamish Channing seemed very, very marked to-night. It was but a brief visit; Arthur did not stay. He wanted to see about his room, and had one or two purchases to make; and he also expected to find at the hotel letters to answer. He promised to dine with them on the morrow, and to give them as much time as he could druing his stay, which might possibly last a fortnight, he laughingly acknowledged, if Mr. Charley prolonged his stay in Paris; as he was not unlikely, if well enough, to do. "So you'll probably have enough of me, Hamish," he concluded as they shook hands.

"Roland, he is strangely altered," were the first words spoken by Arthur, when they went out together.

"Didn't I tell you so?" replied Roland. "It is just what strikes me."

Arthur walked on in silence, saying no more of what he thought. They walked to the Strand, and there Arthur made his small purchases, rendered necessary by the non-arrival of his portmanteau. It was striking eight by St. Mary's Church, as Roland stood with him at the door of the hotel in Norfolk Street.

"These letters that you expect are waiting for you and that you have to answer," said he resentfully, for he thought Arthur's whole time ought to be given to himself on this, the first evening, "what are they? who are they from?"

"Only from Galloway's agents, and one or two more business people. I expect they will make appointments with me for to-morrow, or ask me to make them. There may be a letter from Galloway himself. I quitted Helstonleigh an hour before the day-mail left, and I may have to write to him."

Roland growled; he thought himself very ill-used.

"It is only eight o'clock, Arthur, and I've said as good as nothing. All you've got to do won't take you more than an hour. Can't you come at nine to my lodgings? You'd have the felicity of seeing Mrs. J."

"I fear not to-night, Roland."

They walked a little while longer, shook hands, and Arthur went into the hotel. Roland, turning away, decided to air himself in the Strand for an hour, and then return to the hotel and get Arthur to come home with him. He had not the smallest objection, taking it in the abstract, to spend the time before the shop windows. Wandering up and down, he had got on the other side of Temple Bar, and had his face glued to the glass of an oyster shop, his mouth watering at the delicacies displayed within, when the clock of St. Clement Danes struck out nine. Springing back impulsively with its first stroke, Roland came in awkward contact with some one, bearing on towards the Strand. But the gentleman, who was as tall as himself, seemed scarcely to notice the touch, so absorbed was he in his own thoughts. Save that he [illegible] one of his hands, cased in a lavender glove of delicate hue and slightly pushed the awkward intruder aside, he took no further heed. The face was never turned, the eyes were never removed from the straight outlook before them. Onwards he passed, seeing and hearing nothing.

"What on earth has he been up to?—He looked as scared as though he had met a ghost!" mentally commented Roland with his accustomed freedom, as he stared after the wayfarer. For in him he had recognized Mr. Bede Greatorex. Taking to his heels with the last stroke of the clock, Roland gained the small hotel in Norfolk Street; into which he bolted head foremost, with his usual clatter, haste, and want of ceremony, and nearly into the arms of a tall waiter.

"I want Mr. Arthur Channing. Which room is he in?"

"Mr. Arthur Channing is gone out, sir."

"Gone out!"

"Yes, sir. Some time ago."

"He found he had no letters to write, and so went on to me," thought Roland, as he shot out again. "And I have been cooling my heels in this precious street, like a booby!"

Full speed went he home now, through all the crosscuts and nearest ways he knew, never slackening it for a moment. Seizing the knocker in one hand and the bell in the other, he worked at both frantically until the door opened. Mr. Ollivera flinging up his window above, put out his head in alarm; Mrs. Jones, Miss Rye, two visitors, and the maid Betsey, came rushing along the passage with pale faces, Mrs. J. herself opening the door, Betsey absolutely refusing the office. Roland, without the least explanation or apology, dashed through the group into the parlor. It was dark and empty.

"Where's Arthur Channing?" he demanded, darting out again. "Mrs. J., where have you put him?"

And when Mrs. J. could gather the sense of the question sufficiently to answer it, Roland had the satisfaction—or, rather, non-satisfaction—of finding that Arthur Channing had not been there.

CHAPTER XXVII.

A Private Interview.

"Private and Confidential.

"Cuff Court, off Fleet Street, No. 1.

"October the twenty-second.

"Mr. Bede Greatorex.

"Sir,—A small leaf has been turned over in the matter of your cheque, lost mysterious in June last. Leastways, in something that might turn out to be connected with it. Remembering back orders, and wishing to act in accordance with the same, I'd be glad to hold a short interview with you, and would wait upon you at any hour or place you may appoint. Or if it suited your convenience to come to me, I am to be found as above, either this evening or to-morrow evening after seven o'clock.

"Your obedient servant,

"JONAS BUTTERBY."

The above note, among two or three other letters, reached Mr. Bede Greatorex about four o'clock in the afternoon. He happened to be at his desk in the front room, and was giving some directions to Mr. Brown, who stood by him. As Bede ran his eyes over the lines, a deep flush, a frown, followed by a sickly paleness, overspread his face. Mr. Brown, looking at him quite by accident, remarked the signs of emotion, and felt curious to know what the news could be that had caused it. He had, however, no opportunity for prolonged observation, for Bede, carrying the letter in his hand, went into his room and shut the door. The note angered Bede Greatorex as well as troubled him. Was he, ere he had been a couple of weeks home from his Continental holiday, to be followed up by this troublesome detective, and his life made a worry again? In the angry impulse of the moment, Bede sat down to his desk-table, and began dashing off an answer, to the effect that he could not accord an interview to Mr. Butterby. But the pen was arrested ere it had completed the first line. Self-preservation from danger is a feeling implanted more or less strongly within us all. What if this persistent officer, denied to him, betook himself and his news to Mr. Greatorex? Bede was as innocent in regard to the purloining of the cheque and certainly as ignorant of the guilty party as Butterby could be; he had refunded the forty-four pounds with anything but gratification; but nevertheless there were grave reasons why the matter should not be re-opened to his father. Catching up the letter, he paced the carpet for a moment or two in deep thought, halted by the window, and read it again. "Yes, I'll see him; it will be safer;" said he, with decision.

He wrote a rapid note, appointing eleven o'clock the next morning for the interview, at his own office. And then again paused as he was folding it; paused in deliberation.

"Why not go to him?" spoke Bede Greatorex, his eyes fixed on the opposite wall, as if he thought the map there could solve the query. "Yes, I will; I'll go to-night. That's safest of all."

(To be continued.)

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THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

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14

GRAPE POLLENIZATION

Many Varieties Self-sterile and Need Cross-Pollination.

What Investigational Work Has Shown—Varieties of Self-fertile Sorts Recommended—Eradication of Bladder Campion or Cow Bell.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

For years it has been observed by grape growers that certain varieties, typically represented by the Rogers' Hybrids, usually produce straggly, loose bunches, especially where planted in blocks. In the same season and under similar conditions other varieties as Concord and Niagara produce well filled, large bunches. The Rogers' varieties with one exception are self-sterile. Our other commercial varieties are all more or less self-fertile.

Result of Investigational Work.

Considerable investigational work has been done in New York State, in Minnesota, and at Vineland on this problem of self-sterility, with the result that the reason why certain varieties are self-sterile has been established. In our own work, as a result of three years' investigations, we have established the degree of self-fertility and self-sterility of fifty-two varieties of grapes and have ascertained the best pollinators for such self-sterile varieties as Lindley, Salem, Brighton, etc. Our experiments have shown:

1. That insects are the chief agents in the distribution of pollen, wind being a negligible factor.

2. That cross-pollination is absolutely necessary in the case of self-sterile varieties, including Barry, Herbert, Lindley, Massasoit, Salem, Wilder, and Brighton. The Agawam is the only one of the commercially planted Rogers' Hybrids which is self-fertile.

3. That the majority of self-fertile varieties such as Concord, Campbell, Niagara, Worden would produce larger crops of fruit if they were cross-pollinated, though good crops are produced under self-pollination conditions. Campbell often has straggly bunches due to imperfect pollination. Cross-pollination would help.

4. That the self-sterile varieties (Barry, Lindley, etc.) pollinated by any one of the self-fertile varieties (Concord, Niagara, etc.) will set crops of marketable fruit, but that for maximum crops certain self-fertile varieties are better suited as pollenizers for certain self-sterile varieties than others. For Agawam and Brighton, the Worden is the best pollenizer; for Massasoit and Wilder, the Niagara is the best pollenizer; for Salem, the Concord; and for Herbert and Lindley, any of the varieties, Concord, Worden, Niagara, Campbell.

Replace Poor Sorts With Good Varieties.

In established vineyards where there are large blocks of the self-sterile Rogers' varieties and consequent poor crops, every third or fourth row should be removed and replaced with Concord, Niagara or similar self-fertile varieties. Further information will gladly be given to those requesting same.—Hort. Exp. Station, Vineland Station.

Soon Be 107 Years Old.

Born four years before the great Napoleon Bonaparte died in exile on the Island of St. Helena, and a witness to the burning of the Parliament Buildings in Montreal on April 25, 1849, which followed the sanction of the Rebellion Losses Bill by Lord Elgin, then Governor-General of Canada, are some of the claims to distinction of Mr. Joseph Beland, sturdy French-Canadian centenarian and a pioneerof Calumet-Island, Quebec. Should Mr. Beland live to see May 3, he will then have attained his one hundred and seventh birthday.

Mr. Beland has lived under six British sovereigns. He is still vigorous, and his general appearance would lead one to believe that he was closer to 80 years of age than considerably beyond the century mark and still going strong. In fact, only the production of the centenarian's birth certificate carries conviction as to his exact age.

Curious Trades.

The trades of London, Eng., are many and some of them seem very strange to a Canadian. One occupation by which a score of Britishers are said to earn their livelihood is that of "poking fires."

By the rabbinical law no Jew is allowed to kindle or mend any fire on the Sabbath, and in certain places in England where Jews are very numerous this prohibition makes it necessary that persons shall be employed from sunset on Friday to the same hour on Saturday in going from house to house lighting fires and lamps and attending to them.

One woman in the East End of London often has as many as fifty houses to attend to and draws small fees from each of the. It is not long since a "fire-keeper" died worth more than $2,500, which he had saved out of his earnings.

It often happens that in the East End a strict Jew goes out into the street and says to some Christian passerby': "Wood you be so kind as to come indoors and light my lamp? The 'fire poker' has failed me."

Fortunes Were Once Critical.

"My best friends as a boy were two men who represented two sides of life, the agricultural and the industrial. One of them was a dear old apple-checked shepherd, who could neither read nor write. The other was a factory worker who, by sheer hard work, rose to be manager. Both these men were a great deal more intelligent than many a man who has received a formal education."

These words were spoken a few days ago by Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, in recalling his boyhood in his native County of Worcester. Few people are aware that his family passed through critical times before attaining its present eminence. As Mr. Baldwin pointed out, at one time only a few pounds stood between the family and ruin.

Eradication of Bladder Campion or Cow Bell.

Badly infested fields should be plowed deeply, and then thoroughly cultivated and cross-cultivated with a broad-shared cultivator in order to break up and weaken the underground rootstocks. This cultivation should be given frequently enough to prevent the plants making any growth above ground until it is time to put in a hoed crop, which must be kept thoroughly clean in order to be effective. A well cared-for hoed crop of corn has been found to give excellent results. Special attention must be given to hoeing out any patches of Bladder Campion which may appear in the corn crop, and which are not destroyed by cultivation. If in the fall there is any Bladder Campion in the field, it will be necessary to plow fairly deeply and cultivate thoroughly and the following spring repeat the frequent cultivation until it is time to put in a hoed crop. This second hoed crop should not be necessary under ordinary conditions. One spring's thorough cultivation, followed by a well cared-for hoed crop should destroy practically all the Bladder Campion. —J. E. Howitt, O.A. College, Guelph.

They Appreciate Canadian Varieties.

The Heart's Delight Farm at Chazy, New York State, consisting of eleven thousand acres, is one of the most noted farms in America. It is interesting to learn, when on a recent visit to this farm, that the hundreds of acres of spring grains under cultivation were, in all instances, varieties which had been originated in Canada; the oats and the barley at Guelph, and the spring wheat at Ottawa. The O.A.C. No. 104 variety of winter wheat, originated at Guelph more recently, was being tested out.

Cow Arithmetic.

"I am not strong on arithmetic," said the cow, "but I can add to the bank account of the man who owns me; I can subtract from the principal of his mortgage; I can multiply his chances for success; I can divide his cares and worries! I can give more interest to his work; and I can discount his chances for loss."—Neillsville Cow Testing Association.

The United States Department of Agriculture has recently issued a leaflet on clean milk. The gist of the leaflet is expressed in its concluding sentence: "Keep milk clean, covered, cold."

Name your farm. A good name adds something to it, both as a home and as a place of business.

CANADA AN EXHIBITOR.

Since Confederation She Has Done Much In This Line.

Canada has been in the exhibition game since the year of federation. She has been consistent in following up this method of publicity as can be seen by the following list of exhibition enterprises in which Canada has taken part as a nation:

1867, 1888 and 1900 — Paris France.
1901—Glasgow, Scotland, and Buffalo, U.S.A.
1902—Omaha, Nebraska, U.S.A.
1903—Osaka, Japan.
1904—St. Louis, U.S.A.
1905—Liege, Belgium, and Pittsburg, U.S.A.
1906—Milan, Italy, and Wellington, New Zealand.
1907—Dublin.
1908—Franco-British Exhibition at Shepherd's Bush and Edinburgh Scotland.
1909—Seattle, U.S.A.
1910—Brussels, Belgium.
1911-12—Festival of Empire, Crystal Palace.
1913—Ghent, Belgium.
1915—San Francisco.
1916-17—San Diego.

Since 1918 Canada has exhibited at no less than one hundred and thirty state affairs throughout the United States, which means that since the Armistice every state in the union has been "canvassed" at least twice.

Scottish Custom Almost Extinct.

"An ancient Scottish custom that has stood the test of time," is the observance of "barrin' oot day." It was brought to this country by Scottish immigrants in the early part of the last century, and possibly for fifty years common enough in Caledonian settlements. Then it became less common, until to-day it is doubtful if there is more than a single Scottish community, in Ontario at least, where the annual custom is observed. The relic of old Scotia still survives at Annan, in Grey county. At Annan and Leith, a generation or so ago, the teachers of the rural schools were barred-out regularly once a year, and no more delightful holiday was on the school calendar as far as the pupils were concerned.

The day is connected with no special date, but so regularly was it observed in the north of Grey that November 21st was for a long time considered the proper barring-out day. Preparations were always made a few days ahead by the children, and on the day itself they would arrive early and see that the doors and windows of the school-house were made secure against the teacher.

This year the teacher happened to be a young lady, and it was not difficult to bar her from the school-room, but in the old days this was not always the case. When the teacher was a man, elaborate preparations had to be made. In some cases the vestibule would be entirely filled with firewood, and the windows boarded and spiked. The teacher, if he was a good sport, was usually expected to make at least a half-hearted effort to get into the school-room before dismissing classes for the day.

The Prerogative of Mercy.

The prerogative of mercy, that is, the right to pardon persons condemned by competent judicial authority, belongs to the crown. This prerogative is included in the powers delegated to a Governor-General of Canada by his commission from the Imperial Government—the King and his Ministers. That prerogative is exercized by the Governor-General on the advice of his Ministers, that is by the Governor-in-Council. On this point, Todd in his well-known work on "Parliamentary Government in the Colonies," writes:

"In administering the prerogative of mercy, a Governor-in-Council does not act as a court of appeal in criminal cases. For though in exercising the royal prerogative the governor may remit a sentence, he does not technically reverse it, nor by his action in any way pronounce it wrong. This he could not do after hearing an appeal from the finding of the court, if there were provisions for such an appeal. The act of pardoning a sentenced criminal is one of pure clemency; it is in no respect judicial. In all cases where clemency is sought at his hands, a governor would do well to consult informally those who could best assist his judgment, more especially the crown prosecutor, and the judge who has tried the case."

Here and There

The gold mines of Northern Ontario broke all previous records in the month of January, when they produced approximately $2,100,000, based on preliminary reports received from the mines.

It is reported that arrangements have been made for the financing of a $500,000 plant in Edmonton, Alta., for the manufacture of paving blocks from the tar sands of Fort McMurray.

The first of the private fur auction sales which the Hudson Bay Company has decided to hold in future at their head office in Montreal took place recently, when a collection of various furs, estimated roughly at $25,000 to $30,000 value, was put up for sale by sealed bids.

Grain handled at the port of Montreal in 1923 totalled 120,918,938 bushels, the largest amount shipped through any port in North America during the year. Montreal thus maintains for the third consecutive year her position as the leading grain exporting port of the continent.

Dr. Geo. H. Locke, chief librarian, Toronto, at the request of the Canadian Authors' Association, has undertaken to supervise the selection of volumes for the Canadian literature exhibit at the British Empire Exhibition. The task involves the gathering together of 500 representative books and it is anticipated will take about a fortnight.

From all indications, the potato shipments to Havana this season from the port of St. John, New Brunswick, will greatly exceed those of last year. To date there have been 750,307 bushels sent forward in twenty steamers, while from September 1, 1922, until January 31, 1923, a total of 505,668 bushels were shipped in seventeen steamers.

With heavy enquiries from South American sources for Canadian flour, millers expect to see their export volume substantially increased during the month of February, as compared with January. This movement, together with offerings of a premium for wheat at Vancouver, has been the most encouraging trade feature of the past month in Winnipeg, Man.

Colonel Geo. H. Ham, of the Canadian Pacific Railway, who recently returned from Florida, reports that Canada was prominently featured at the South Florida fair, held at Tampa some time ago. A very striking exhibit of Canadian products and natural resources was displayed and a "Canada Day" was celebrated, all of which is said to have been a revelation to those who attended.

Buffalo meat from the park at Wainwright has recently been on sale throughout Canada and has been extremely well received. It is described as resembling beef but of a more gamey flavor. Government officials expect that this meat, with hides and other buffalo products, will become a regular source of income to the people of Canada in the future.

Work on the Kenogami dam, in the Province of Quebec, is reported as progressing very well, and the $2,000,000 works located at the upper part of the Saguenay River are expected to be completed within 15 months. As a result of these works, the mills operated by the Price interests will be kept in full activity during the whole year, instead of partly closing down in the winter months, as they have had to do in the past.

More than $12,000,000 worth of equipment was added to the Canadian Pacific Railway's service during 1923. Included were 16 Pacific and 20 Mikado type locomotives, all very powerful and equipped with the most modern devices for power, speed and economical operation. Other items were 15 steel baggage cars, 12 mail and express, 15 first class coaches, 6 cafe-parlor and buffet-parlor cars, 1,000 box cars, 250 freight refrigerator cars, 300 coal cars, 50 oil tank cars, 300 automobile cars, 36 vans for freight conductors and 14 snow-ploughs.

The seventh of Canada's direction-finding stations was recently completed for service by the radio branch of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, to assist the boats and ships navigating the Bay of Fundy and the coastal waters extending to Boston. This station tends to make the route favored by the Canadian Pacific steamships in winter, already splendidly equipped with safety devices, still safer. By means of the apparatus, the wireless operator of any ship in distress within 400 miles o' the Canadian shore can find his location simply by pressing a spring. These stations have been described as "a Godsend to us mariners."

Steel Furniture.

Steel furniture for the home is being developed by a New York manufacturer of beds. Steel office furniture is not new, but the present program, though limited to bedroom furniture, is a comprehensive one, including nine distinct suites, consisting of ten or eleven separate pieces. They comprise a dresser, chiffonier, chifforette, chifforobe, full vanity, semi-vanity, bench, chair, rocker, bedside table and dressing table. The present production of these articles is 300 pieces a day, but with the completion of a new plant during the winter the outfit will be increased ten-fold. The steel furniture takes a piano finish and is grained to simulate hardwood.

Periwinkles for Diabetes.

It is said that the natives of Natal have long used a fairly common white-flowered herb called vinca as a cure for diabetes. Mr. Ernest Whyte, native registration officer, states that three years ago in Durban a doctor diagnosed that he was suffering from diabetes, and suggested trying the native herb. After three months he felt better, and he persisted. In ten months the doctor declared him cured. The Durban doctor said in an interview that he had cured many cases of diabetes with it. Vinca is the Latin name for the periwinkle, which is well known in medicine and among herbalists. It is used as an astringent, and reputed to be useful in cases of hemorrhage.

Bar Out Our Wheat

Canada is Uncle Sam's second best national customer. During the past year the Dominion's purchases in the United States exceeded her sales to the people of that great Republic by some $60,00,000. To satisfy her farmers, however, politicians at Washington, have placed a heavy import duty on Canadian wheat. In short, the idea is to make the duty so excessive that Canada, who buys so generously of American raw materials and manufactures, will be unable to sell a bushel of her chief product across the line. The fact that American millers simply must have some Canadian hard wheat to mix with the inferior grain of their own country, and that a degree of exportation will continue despite any tariff, does not make the action of the anti-Canadian wheat agitators at Washington any less selfish.

To support legislation which would further penalize Canadian wheat shipments to the United States exhaustive inquiries into the cost of growing wheat in various parts of the United States and Canada have been made. According to the Washington investigators, the cost of producing hard spring wheat in the United States last year ranged from 85 cents to $2.19 a bushel. In Canada the cost ranged from 53 cents to $1.31. This and much other information obtained by the Tariff Commission was to be used as a basis of argument when the matter of raising the duty came up for discussion before a committee of Congress.

The states and provinces concerned are Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba. The reports contain minute details as to costs of land and labor. The commission is, in this connection, tabulating 1,844 production cost records obtained in 79 localities, of which 890 records were from 36 localities in the United States and 954 from 43 localities in Canada. Canada has therefore been submitted to an even closed scrutiny than the United States.

Hallock district, Minnesota, with costs of $2.19 per bushel, holds the high record in the United States for 1923 wheat production, and Moccasin, Montana, where the farmer paid 85 cents to garner his bushel, is the lowest in that country. In Canada, according to the American figures, Melita, Man., paid $1.31 to grow and harvest a bushel of wheat, which was a high record for the Dominion, while out in Westlock, Alberta, the fortunate or the unfortunate farmer, as it now appears, got off with a cost per bushel of 53 cents, the lowest in Canada.

For the three-year period between 1921 and 1923, inclusive, the Yankee statisticians declare that in the United States the cost per bushel ranged from 96 cents in Moccasin district, Montana, to $1.91 in the Casselton locality of North Dakota. In Canada it ranged from 60 cents in the Westlock district of Alberta to $1.64 in the Alameda district of Saskatchewan.

Luckily for the farmers of Western Canada with their bumper 1923 crop of nearly 500,000,000 bushels, Canadian wheat, and better still, Canadian flour, is now finding a market in all parts of the world. The other day a New York paper lamented the fact that Montreal had recently outstripped New York as an exporter of wheat.

Though American millers will resist it, another boost in the import price of wheat from Canada to the United States seems likely after the Tariff Commission has blazoned abroad the fact that the average cost of growing a bushel of wheat is about 30 cents higher in the western states than in the western provinces. As a concomitant to the wheat costs inquiry, Washington has turned the spotlight on the cost of bread. It has been charged that the people of the United States are paying more than $1,000,000 a day too much for their loaves. A "thorough and searching investigation" has been ordered into the "tribute levied by wheat speculators, grain elevators, millers, jobbers, bakers and retailers from the time the wheat leaves the farm until it reaches the dinner table in the form of bread."

It is further charged that the deflation in the price of wheat has been ten times that of bread, and that whereas the retail price of bread in the United States is 9 cents per pound, it should at the present cost of wheat, be but 5 cents. Labor costs were quoted to show that high wages were not responsible. The report declares that the average per capita consumption of bread in the United States, 44 loaves less per year than in pre-war days and a "gigantic 'bread trust'" is hinted at.

Expostulation Wasted.

Witherby entered a barber's shop to have his hair cut. "Cut it without!" he growled, as he took his place in the chair. "Without conversation, you know. Don't want any hair restorers, scalp invigorators, face lotions, or any other stuff you barbers recommend. I know perfectly well that I am growing bald, and I want to be; I was born that way, and so was my father. I have no views on political questions—" Here one of the loungers in the shop nudged Witherby's elbow. "You'll have to write it down on his slate, mister," he said, "if you want to tell him anything. He hain't heerd a word ye said. He's deaf and dumb."

A Standard Gallon.

The standard gallon for the measuring of liquids in the United States is the old English wine gallon, containing 231 cubic inches. The standard gallon in Great Britain and in Canada is the imperial gallon, containing 277.274 cubic inches. An imperial gallon is, therefore, equal to about 1 1-5 wine gallons, or in other words a wine gallon is .833 of an imperial gallon.

WOMAN SUFFERED FOR MONTHS

Weak and Nervous. Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Webbwood, Ont.—"I was in a very weak and run-down nervous condition, always tired from the time I got up until I went to bed. Sleep did not rest me at all. My sister recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to me and others told me about it, but it was from my sister's advice that I took it. It did not take long until I felt stronger, headaches left me and my appetite came back to me. I am a farmer's wife and have many things to do outside the house, such as milking, looking after the poultry, and other chores. I heartily recommend the Vegetable Compound to all who have the same trouble I had, for it is a fine medicine for women."—Mrs. LOUIS F. ELSASSER, Hillcrest Farm, Webbwood, Ont.

Another Nervous Woman Finds Relief

Port Huron, Michigan.—"I suffered for two years with pains in my side, and if I worked very much I was nervous and just as tired in the morning as when I went to bed. I was sleepy all the day and didn't feel like doing anything, and was so nervous I would bite my finger nails. One of my friends told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it helped me so much that I soon felt fine."—Mrs. CHARLES BEELER, 501-14th St., Port Huron, Mich.

Women who suffer from any feminine ailment should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. C

The Second Lord Shaughnessy.

The Hon. William James, Second Baron Shaughnessy, only son and heir of the late Lord Shaughnessy, who has just succeeded to his famous father's titles and estates, is a worthy son of the former head of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, being one of the most popular and able members of the Montreal bar. He was appointed a king's counsel in 1920, as well as director of the C.P.R., the West Kootenay Power and Light Co. and the Canada Foundry and Forgings.

The new Lord Shaughnessy was born September 29, 1883, a year after his father—then plain Tom Shaughnessy—had gone to work for the Canadian Pacific, and was educated at Bishop's College School, McGill University, Trinity College, Cambridge, and Laval University, taking science, art and law in turn.

In 1911 he married Marion Laura Graham, Montreal, a neice of Lord Atholstan—the "Canadian newspaper baron"—and they have three daughters and a son. He entered the army during the war and rose to the rank of lieutenant-colonel in the Canadian militia. He served at the front as a captain in the 199th Irish-Canadian Rangers.

Lord Shaughnessy is a keen golfer and tennis player and is interested in racing and all forms of sports.

The Why of the Railroad "Y"

Inset above, Railroad Y.M.C.A. at Kenora, Ont. [illegible] "Playground of Canada." Left, The Cranbrook Y.

PROVISIONS made for the welfare of employees who are temporarily away from their home terminals are important factors in the successful operation of railroads, particularly in Canada, where divisional terminals are often located at small places where there is poor accommodation, if any, for the transient or periodical visitor, and practically no facility for amusement. Few men are satisfied to stop over at frequent intervals in places where they cannot obtain the ordinary comforts of life, and for this reason, to keep its men on the job, as well as for the reason that it desires its employees to enjoy the advantages of good food, rest and recreation whenever possible, the Canadian Pacific Railway [illegible] very earnestly supported various Railroad Y.M.C.A.'s along its lines. At almost every terminal some provision is made for the train crews along Y.M.C.A. lines, but the Company has been more interested in providing quarters in such places as afford no other accommodation, such as White River, Chapleau and Cartier, small towns in Ontario, which really owe their existence to the fact that they are railway divisional points. Altogether ten buildings have been given over by the railway company to Y.M.C.A. work, and in addition to supplying and equipping the buildings, the Canadian Pacific supplies light heat and repairs and makes a monthly grant of money to each. The Young Men's Christian Association operates the building at approximate cost and where a profit is made this is put back into the service.

It is interesting to note, however, that the first Y.M.C.A. on Canadian Pacific lines was started by the employees and citizens at Revelstoke in 1895. This organization did much towards "cleaning up" the town, and its good work so impressed the officers of the company with its possibilities that at the end of one year the building was practically taken over by them. This was really the nucleus of the greater organization, and Railroad Y's will now be found at Cranbrook, B.C., Field, B.C., where the Company gave the magnificent Mount Stephen House; Kenora, Ont., where the second association became established; Ignace, where a splendid new building is in course of construction; White River, Chapleau and Cartier in Ontario, and Brownville Junction, Maine.

In most of these places the institution is of civic importance. Moving picture shows are arranged sometimes twice a week, and these are patronized by the whole town. Most of the "indoor" entertainments are open to visitors, but the outdoor sports are organized almost solely by and for the railroad employees and their families. Tennis, football, baseball and other sports are organized, and Divisional tournaments and matches are arranged in which both the male and female employees take part. Each "Y" is equipped with bowling alleys and billiard tables, and competition in these sports is no less keen between the various districts and towns.

The value of the organization cannot be fully appreciated by other than those who know its workings. The engineers and trainmen, after driving through the snow and cold, find an open fire, a good meal and cheerful companionship awaiting them at the end of a journey. They can enjoy practically all the comforts of a home and the satisfaction which this gives them and the general effect it has on the morale and well-being of the employees generally, amply compensates the Company for its rather heavy expenditures.

Its Jewellery This New Year's

An immense stock of Jewellery is ready for your inspection.

The prices will surprise you in all lines.

Make comparisons before you buy.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store

At your service for 60 years.

Specials for This Week

We Sell For Less

4 bars White Naptha Soap	25c.
2 lbs. Cocoa for	20c.
5 lbs. Rice	25c.
2 lbs. Prunes	20c.
2 lbs. Seedless Raisins	20c.
Club House Olives, qt.	80c.
Our own Baking Powder, lb. tin	20c.
1 lb. Pepper for	25c.
2 lbs. Prunes	23c.
Sardines, per can	7c.

Salt, wood, flour, feed, fresh meat. Beet meal, $1.90 cwt.

DENISON BROS.,

North Centre St., Napanee.

FRED S. SCOTT

BARBER and TOBACCONIST
John St.

(One door south of Express Office.)

Everything clean and sanitary.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

We carry a full line of pipes, cigarettes and tobacco. Our prices are right

Bring your films to us. 25 years experience at developing and printing. Enlargements made on short notice.

Mail orders will receive prompt attention.

Auto and Bicycle Supplies

Studded Bicycle Tires 28 x 1½	$ 1.65
30 x 3½ Cord Auto Tires	11.50
30 x 3½ Fabric Tires	7.50
Front Springs, Fords	2.50
Rear Springs, Fords	6.75
K & W Coil Points, pr	.20
Spark Plugs	.40
Gramophone Needles per hundred	.10
40, 50, 60 watt Lamps	.30

New soles put on rubber boots, gramophones repaired, saws filed and gummed, and all general repair work. Batteries charged.

ALBERT SMITH'S

West of Campbell House

LADIES' COMFORT SHOES

You will always find a splendid assortment of Ladies' Comfortable Cushion Sole Shoes on hand at this store.

The values are beyond question the best in Canada.

LADIES COMFORT HIGH BOOTS

$4.00 TO $5.00

LADIES' COMFORT OXFORDS OR STRAPS, made with Cushion Soles and Rubber Heels. Priced at

$3.00, $3.50, $4.00

The Haines Shoe Houses

Good home-made bread is the finest food on earth, the one food everybody eats, that everybody likes, and that agrees with everybody. Make the finest bread by buying your flour at THOMPSON'S STORE.

—o—

New Paint Shop.

Mr. Frank Markle has rented the Symington evaporator building at the foot of West street, and is fixing it up for a paint shop, for cars, motor boats, furniture, etc. Tops and trimmings of all kinds. Work guaranteed. 5-tf

The Napanee Women's Institute are putting on a ten days' evening course in food values and cooking at the Agricultural Office.

Du-Ko wins in every test,
Used in pudding, tart or pie,
Cheapest is not always best,
Think this over when you buy.

Only takes five minutes to prepare. Lemon, Chocolate and Maple Cream flavors. For sale by all grocers.

Vaccinate your young cattle! Already two cases of blackleg are reported. It costs only 10c. to vaccinate one animal and its cheap insurance against this disease. For sure results insist on Parke Davis & Co. Fresh Blackleg vaccine in sealed tubes of ten pellets, $1.00 per tube, at WALLACE'S. Mail orders will be promptly filled.

"The righteous Lord loveth righteousness," Ps. 11-7; "Take not Thy Holy Spirit from me," Ps. 57-11; "Be ye doers of the word and not hearers only," Jas. 1-22; "They that seek the Lord shall not want any good thing," Ps. 34-10; "Ye shall go out with joy and be led forth with peace," Isa. 55-12; "I will sing unto the Lord because He hath dealt bountifully with me," Ps. 13-6; "My God shall supply all your need, according to His riches in glory by Christ Jesus," Phil. 4-19; "There shall in no wise enter into it anything that defileth," Rev. 21-27; "Lead me to the Rock that is higher than I," Ps. 61-2; "O God, Thou art my God; early will I seek Thee," Ps. 63-1.

My God accept my heart this day,
And make it always thine;
That I from Thee no more may stray,
No more from Thee decline.

A BIBLE LOVER.

—o—

At H. W. KELLY'S grocery you can get: Pure lard 17c. per lb.; shortening 17c. per lb.; pure cocoa, 10c. a lb.; good sized Oranges 25c. per doz.; Lemons 20c. doz.; 2 lbs. Seedless Raisins 25c.; 2 lbs. Prunes 25c.; 2 lbs. Apricots 35c.; 3 Corn Flakes 25c. For good, pure Coffee, try 1 lb. It will convince you. We grind while you wait.

CAMPBELL HOUSE CORNER.

—o—

IRISHMEN WON FROM NAPANEE.

The Kingston Irishmen eliminated the Napanee team from the Bay of Quinte League run on Saturday night when they won from them at the Holt rink before a small crowd in a loosely contested game by the score of 7-4. There were few thrilling moments in the game and the Irishmen had things mostly their own way, so much so that in the last period they began to take things very easy with the result that Napanee ran in three goals. The ice was in good condition and play should have been much faster than it was, but there was nothing to be gained by a win for Napanee and the locals overshadowed the visitors at any rate.

In the first period Dick Spoor, who, by the way, was one of the workers of the local team, made two goals with Lanos getting another, while Huffman, of Napanee, did the trick once for his team. Lanos and Purdy each tallied one in the second period and Watts and Spoor scored for Irishmen in the last period, while Johnson, Bentley and Naphin each scored one for Napanee.

By their win on Saturday night the Irishmen will now meet Point Anne in Napanee on Wednesday night in a sudden-death game to decide the winner of the second half of the Bay of Quinte League schedule. The winners will play Belleville on Friday and Monday for the championship of the league and the beautiful Bay of Quinte cup, which is one of the finest being competed for in amateur hockey. It looks very much as though the cup would go to Kingston this time.

The teams in Saturday night's game were:

Kingston Irishmen—Goal, McCarthy; defence, Hall, Purdy; centre, Lanos; wings, Watts, Spoor; subs, T. Angrove, Milan.

Napanee—Goal, Finn; defence, Spencer, McLaughlin; centre, Bentley; wings, Johnston, Naphin; subs, Douglas, Vanalstine.

KINGSTON 3, POINT ANNE 2.

The hockey feast of the season was provided on Wednesday evening when Kingston and Point Anne came together at Napanee for Kingston's home game. Owing to the continued mild weather the ice was sticky, which made successful combination and carrying of the puck very difficult. All things considered, the game was fast and bitterly fought out to the last minute. The score was a tie—2 all—at full time, and required ten minutes' overtime to proclaim a winner, Kingston being lucky enough to get the decision. The game was a difficult one for a referee to handle, the checking being exceedingly hard and close, and both sides indulged in irregularities when the referee's back was turned. All the goals were scored in the second period, Point Anne netting the first one, followed immediately after by Kingston. After a few minutes of play Point Anne scored their second, only to have the Kingston boys tie it up again. During the first two minutes of overtime the Irishmen scored, putting them one ahead, and the best their rivals could do was to draw a blank. Following is the line-up:

Kingston—Goal, McCarthy; defence, Purdy, Hall; right wing, Millan; centre, Lanos; left wing, Watts; sub., Spoor.

Point Anne—Goal, Boland; defence, Tompkins, Maracle; right wing, Green; centre, F. Goyer; left wing, Brant; subs., Genereaux, Gaulin.

Referee—W. H. Roe, Napanee.

STANDING OF THE LEAGUE.

	Won	Lost	To Play
Point Anne	5	1	0
Kingston	4	1	1
Napanee	2	3	1
Belleville	0	6	0

—o—

B. & H. English White Paint for inside use covers so much more space and gives so much better finish that it pays to use it. One coat is equal to two of the ordinary brands. For sale at WALLACE'S.

PERSONALS

(All our readers are cordially invited to hand in, or send in, any news they may have for this column).

Mr. Herbert Daly is spending a few days in Toronto.

Mr. O. S. Reddick spent a few days last week in Toronto.

Miss Helen Wallace was home from Toronto for the week-end.

Misses Irene Wagar and Leah VanAlstyne are visiting friends in Montreal.

Mr. E. J. Sexsmith, M.P., spent the week-end with his daughter, Mrs. R. Smith.

Miss Madge Clapp is spending a week with Mr. and Mrs. Sexsmith in Bath.

Miss Hazel Wood, Oswego, N.Y., is the guest of Capt. and Mrs. John McCullough.

Mr. Wm. Glenn, New Rochelle, N.Y., spent the week-end with Mrs. John Coates.

Mr. Morris Wolfe, Toronto, spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Wolfe.

Dr. Nash and son, George, and Mrs. C. L. Gordon and children, of Kingston, were week-end guests of Dr. R. V. McLaughlin.

Mrs. B. Arnold, Rochester, N.Y., spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Vanalstine.

Mr. Donald Huffman, Kingston, spent a few days last week with Mr. and Mrs. Amos Huffman, Moscow.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Martin, Yarker, are in Kingston for a few days.

Mrs. J. Coates, Star City, Sask., and Mrs. W. H. Furber, Cobourg, are guests of their sister, Mrs. W. T. Baird.

Miss Marjorie Doller, who has been in Tweed for several months, has returned home.

Miss Hazel Hawley, Kingston, is visiting friends at Bath.

Mr. Fred Russell, Toronto, spent the week-end with his mother, Mrs. Leah Russell.

Mrs. R. W. Denison and children left last week to join Mr. Denison in Dearborn, Mich.

A number of young people were in Kingston on Monday evening, attending the opera.

Mrs. Geo. Wallace, who has been ill in the Kingston General Hospital, has returned to her home in Tamworth.

Mr. Stinson O. Martin, Moncton, B.C., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Martin, Yarker.

Miss E. Darling and Miss N. Allen, Moscow, spent the week-end with Mrs. Wilfred Potter.

Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Black and son, Jack, spent last week in Toronto.

Miss Hattie E. Miller, who has been spending the past week with her sister, Mrs. W. L. Vandebogart, returned home on Saturday.

Mr. Theodore Judd, of the Standard Bank staff, has been transferred to the branch at Newburgh. Mr. Nolan, of Trenton, takes his place in the Napanee branch.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Vandebogart entertained about twenty-five of their friends and neighbors to dinner on Tuesday night. A very enjoyable evening was spent in music and progressive cards.

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman goes to Lennoxville, Que., this week, where he will be the guest of Rev. and Mrs. A. H. McGreer. Mr. Coleman will conduct the services at Bishop's College Chapel on Sunday.

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DEATHS

McGee—At Napanee, no Wednesday, March 5th, 1924, Elizabeth McGee, aged 77 years, 9 months, 4 days.

She left us as the summer birds,
Leave when the wintry air
Brings terror to their little breasts,
And left us lonely here.
She faded as the flowers fade,
To bloom again no more
Where sorrow never will be known,
On that eternal shore.

In loving memory of Vera (Richardson) Callaghan, who departed from us, March 6, 1922.

Father, Sister Tena
and Brother Leslie.

—o—

NEW UNITED STATES CUSTOMS DECLARATIONS

The United States authorities require that on and after the 1st April next, Customs Declarations—Form 91 B—be attached to all parcels of general merchandise (parcel post) prepaid at parcel post rates, posted in Canada addressed for delivery in the United States.

They further require that commercial invoices or statements of value be enclosed with books prepaid at printed matter rate, also in sealed parcels of general merchandise prepaid at letter rate, posted in Canada addressed for delivery in the United States.

PLACE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS ON THE OUTSIDE OF YOUR LETTERS AND PARCELS.

Over 2,000,000 undeliverable articles go to the dead letter office every yea.r Many of these articles would never reach the dead letter office if reasonable care was taken in the addressing of them. Moreover, in the majority of cases the senders fail to put their name and address on the outside of the letters and parcels which means that the articles have to be opened for examination and in many instances there is no indication of the senders' name and address, so that the articles have to be sold. Therefore, SEE THAT YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS ARE ON THE OUTSIDE OF ANY ARTICLE THAT YOU SEND in order that if it is undeliverable it may be returned to you promptly and unopened.

—o—

Cross cut saws, axes, saw files.
DAVY & ALLISON.

TELEPHONE ORDERS ARE CAREFULLY LOOKED AFTER AT ROBINSON'S

A trial on your part would be as effective as a ton of words on our part.

Down stairs, 71; Upstairs, 176.

FAIR ENOUGH

"Seen any mysterious strangers around here lately?" casually inquired the detective from the city.

"Waal," answered Uncle Eben, "there was a feller over to town with a circus last week who took a pair o' rabbits out o' my whiskers."—Selected.

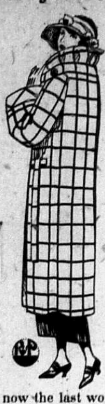
SHOPPING BY MAIL IS A PLEASURE WITH US

Because we will not tolerate delays. Orders must go out the day received. All lines go to you thoroughly guaranteed. Satisfaction or money refunded.

The Style Calendar Proclaims the Arrival of Spring

This is especially true at Robinson's. **Come and get acquainted with the new Spring Merchandise.**

Swagger Top Coats for Women and Misses come in Straight and Flare Lines



Plaids are now the last word when it comes to Misses' Coats for Spring. The model reproduced above is a fair representation of the fashionable mode, large collar, snug fitting body, side closing. We have many garments in stock, just as stunningly styled, which are featured in a delightful range of spring and summer colorings. No two of our coats are exactly alike in these novelty garments. These will please you.

"No. 8119" is a garment possessing several interesting points. It is designed to please the younger matron. The draped collar is quite the fashion this season.

Narrow flat braid in tones blending with the coat is applied in a "Block" manner, which gives the coat a very individual looking appearance.

This coat is made from all wool Duvetyn and is lined throughout with tussah. Price $37.50.

Fashion's fondness for twill fabrics is admirably expressed in the braided coat pictured above. The wide cuffs and up-stand collar are further points of interest. A coat of this type answers for a motor, as well as a dress wrap. Poiret Twill and Tricotine are the materials. Our coat in stock is in Black Poiret Twill, satin lined, size 38. Price $40.00.

SALE OF BLEACHED, ALL LINEN TABLE DAMASK, THURSDAY, MARCH 13TH, $1.39 PER YARD

This is a regular $2.00 value and one that we can recommend to give real good service.

We have cut this Damask up in lengths of 2, 2¼ and 2½ yards. Each piece is cut to the thread thus protecting you against waste in hemming.

There are just 19 ends in the lot and are priced as follows:

2 yds. for $2.78; 2¼ yds. for $3.13; 2½ yds. for $3.48.

The quantity is limited, you will need to hurry for these outstanding values. Special for Thursday.

HAND BLOCKED DRAPARIES CREATE A NEW VOGUE IN HOUSE DECORATIONS

These hand blocked draperies possess a dignity of line not found in machine printed goods. In the larger cities in Canada and the United States they have been enthusiastically accepted.

The designs now being shown in our curtain drapery department follow the old English patterns and are direct copies from the Indian chintz of the olden times, which were famed for the vividness of color.

Come 36 in. wide and are obtainable at $1.25 per yd.

SPECIAL PRICES ON AXMINSTER MATS, 27 × 54 IN. IN SIZE, $4.75 PER MAT

These Mats are woven from a very fine quality of imported wool. The pile is exceptionally thick and has an extra good foundation. They come in the popular hit and miss design, while the colors are very attractively blended.

These were made to sell regularly at $6.00. See them.

TAPESTRY MATS AT $2.95 EACH ARE A GOOD BUY, WHEN SERVICE IS YOUR IDEAL

We know of nothing in the trade that competes at all with these 27 x 54 inch rugs for the price. This season the designs are new and attractive, while the colors are very permanent.

You will be surprised with the durability obtainable.

WOMEN'S HOSIERY SPECIAL

REGULAR $1.25 AND $1.00, SALE PRICE 79 CENTS PAIR

Women's silk and wool Hose in mixtures of Black and White, Cocoanut and White, Brown and White and all Black. These are seconds with slight imperfections, which are hardly noticeable and are excellent values. Sizes 8½ to 10. Regular $1.25 and $1.00 pair. Sale Price 79c. pair.

CHAMOISETTE GLOVES, SPECIAL AT $1.00 PAIR

Women's Chamoisette Gloves in pull on style, with gauntlet cuff, in shades of Beaver, Mastic, Sand trimmed with contrasting bands and stitching, strap fastening at wrist, sizes 6 to 7½.

TO THE WOMAN WHO PREFERS TO HAVE A SUIT MADE TO ORDER

For $33.50 complete, a suit made from our best material, lined throughout with good quality silk or tussah—workmanship and fit guaranteed.

The above calls your attention to a very special offer in which our Dress Goods Department and Made-to-Order Department are cooperating.

The materials are Poiret Twill, Tricotine and Serge, our best qualities. Colors Black, Navy, Brown, Beige, Grey, Saxe—a complement of shades.

Linings—choice of a rich assortment and colorings which will harmonize with the cloth. If you are interested in this special offer, we will be pleased to show you the materials at the Dress Goods Counter.

TWO OUTSTANDING SILK KNITTED FABRICS FOR SPRING ARE KREPE-DE-LENE AND VEL CHINE, ALIKE ATTRACTIVE AND SERVICEABLE

KREPE-DE-LENE is the newest Banner silk. Krepe-de-lene is so fine that only upon the closest examination does one discover that it is knitted, not woven. It is a soft, lustrous, silken crepe, firm of construction, draping to perfection. These qualities make it adaptable to many dress purposes. Shades featured are Black, Navy, Zinc, Brown, Blue, Cocoa, Fallow, Luxor. 36 in. wide.

VEL-CHINE conveys a richness of material not found in any other knitted fabric. Similar in finish to a panne velvet, it gives unequalled satisfaction in service. We are showing Vel-Chine in a stripe effect in the following colors, Black, Navy, Malay, Canna, Old China, Zinc, Golden Brown, Cocoa, 36 in. wide.

SPRING WEIGHT REEFERS FOR BOYS FROM 2 TO 10 YEARS

An all wool Serge of Navy. Two rows of brass buttons, fancy ornament on sleeve, six inch sailor collar, trimmed with three rows of white braid. A very popular kiddies garment for early spring wear. Reasonably priced at $6.00.

Q'TEE SUITS

A splendid line of boys' Knit Suits, made in an Oliver Twist style, in sizes 2 to 8 years. Color combinations, Royal and Navy, Honey and Navy, Cinnamon, Fawn and Navy, Fawn and Maroon, Sand and Navy. Most of the collars are trimmed with three rows of narrow white braid. Priced from $3.00 to $5.25.

We have a particularly nice assortment of Boys' Sailor Blouse Suits in all wool Blue Serges. Specially priced from $4.95 to $7.95, 2 to 6 years.

Quality,
Service,
Value.

THE ROBINSON CO.

LIMITED

We close at 10 p.m. Saturdays. Other days at 5.30 p.m.